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| 1. Record Nr. | UNISOBE600200002416 |
| Autore | Di_Biase, Carmine |
| Titolo | Il Canto 12. del Paradiso / Carmine Di Biase |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Napoli : Cassitto, 1992 |
| Edizione | [2 ed. riveduta e corretta] |
| Descrizione fisica | 104 p. ; 17 cm |
| Collana | Prisma : letture critiche ; 1 |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Italiano |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910437850203321 |
| Autore | Xu Shizhong |
| Titolo | Principles of Statistical Genomics / / by Shizhong Xu |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | New York, NY : , : Springer New York : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2013 |
| ISBN | 0-387-70807-3 |
| Edizione | [1st ed. 2013.] |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (424 p.) |
| Disciplina | 572.860727 |
| Soggetti | Plant genetics
Animal genetics
Plant Genetics and Genomics
Animal Genetics and Genomics |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Genetic Linkage Map -- Map Functions -- Physical map and genetic map -- Derivation of map functions -- Haldane map function -- Kosambi map function -- Recombination Fraction -- Mating designs -- Maximum likelihood estimation of recombination fraction -- Standard |

error and significance test -- Fisher's scoring algorithm for estimating
 -- EM algorithm for estimating -- Genetic Map Construction -- Criteria
 of optimality -- Search algorithms -- Exhaustive search -- Heuristic
 search -- Simulated annealing -- Branch and bound -- Bootstrap
 confidence of a map -- Multipoint Analysis of Mendelian Loci -- Joint
 distribution of multiple locus genotype -- BC design -- F2 design --
 Four-way cross design -- Incomplete genotype information -- Partially
 informative genotype -- BC and F2 are special cases of FW --
 Dominance and missing markers -- Conditional probability of a
 missing marker genotype -- Joint estimation of recombination fractions
 -- Multipoint analysis for m markers -- Map construction with
 unknown recombination fractions -- Basic Concepts of Quantitative
 Genetics -- Gene frequency and genotype frequency -- Genetic effects
 and genetic variance -- Average effect of allelic substitution -- Genetic
 variance components -- Heritability -- An F2 family is in Hardy-
 Weinberg equilibrium -- Major Gene Detection -- Estimation of major
 gene effect -- BC design -- F2 design -- Hypothesis tests -- BC design
 -- F2 design -- Scale of the genotype indicator variable -- Statistical
 power -- Type I error and statistical power -- Wald-test statistic --
 Size of a major gene -- Relationship between W-test and Z-test --
 Extension to dominance effect -- Segregation Analysis -- Gaussian
 mixture distribution -- EM algorithm -- Closed form solution -- EM
 steps -- Derivation of the EM algorithm -- Proof of the EM algorithm --
 Hypothesis tests -- Variances of estimated parameters -- Estimation of
 the mixing proportions -- Genome Scanning for Quantitative Trait Loci
 -- The mouse data -- Genome scanning -- Missing genotypes -- Test
 statistics -- Bonferroni correction -- Permutation test -- Piepho's
 approximate critical value -- Theoretical consideration -- Interval
 Mapping -- Least squares method -- Weighted least squares -- Fisher
 scoring -- Maximum likelihood method -- EM algorithm -- Variance-
 covariance matrix of $\hat{\theta}$ -- Hypothesis test -- Remarks on the four
 methods of interval mapping -- Interval Mapping for Ordinal Traits --
 Generalized linear model -- ML under homogeneous variance -- ML
 under heterogeneous variance -- ML under mixture distribution -- ML
 via the EM algorithm -- Logistic analysis -- Example -- Mapping
 Segregation Distortion Loci -- Probabilistic model -- The EM Algorithm
 -- Hypothesis test -- Variance matrix of the estimated parameters --
 Selection coefficient and dominance -- Liability model -- EM algorithm
 -- Variance matrix of estimated parameters -- Hypothesis test --
 Mapping QTL under segregation distortion -- Joint likelihood function
 -- EM algorithm -- Variance-covariance matrix of estimated
 parameters -- Hypothesis tests -- Example -- QTL Mapping in Other
 Populations -- Recombinant inbred lines -- Double haploids -- Four-
 way crosses -- Full-sib family -- F2 population derived from outbreds
 -- Example -- Random Model Approach to QTL Mapping -- Identity-
 by-descent (IBD) -- Random effect genetic model -- Sib-pair
 regression.- Maximum likelihood estimation -- EM algorithm -- EM
 algorithm under singular value decomposition -- Multiple siblings --
 Estimating the IBD value for a marker -- Multipoint method for
 estimating the IBD value -- Genome scanning and hypothesis tests --
 Multiple QTL model -- Complex pedigree analysis -- Mapping QTL for
 Multiple Traits -- Multivariate model -- EM algorithm for parameter
 estimation -- Hypothesis tests -- Variance matrix of estimated
 parameters -- Derivation of the EM algorithm -- Example -- Bayesian
 Multiple QTL Mapping -- Bayesian regression analysis -- Markov chain
 Monte Carlo -- Mapping multiple QTL -- Multiple QTL model -- Prior,
 likelihood and posterior -- Summary of the MCMC process -- Post
 MCMC analysis -- Alternative methods of Bayesian mapping --

Reversible jump MCMC -- Stochastic search variable selection -- Lasso and Bayesian Lasso -- Example: Arabidopsis data -- Empirical Bayesian QTL Mapping -- Classical mixed model -- Simultaneous updating for matrix G -- Coordinate descent method -- Block coordinate descent method -- Bayesian estimates of QTL effects -- Hierarchical mixed model -- Inverse chi-square prior -- Exponential prior -- Dealing with sparse models -- Infinitesimal model for whole genome sequence data -- Data trimming -- Concept of continuous genome -- Example: Simulated data -- Microarray Differential Expression Analysis -- Data preparation -- Data transformation -- Data normalization -- F-test and t-test -- Type I error and false discovery rate -- Selection of differentially expressed genes -- Permutation test -- Selecting genes by controlling FDR -- Problems of the previous methods -- Regularized t-test -- General linear model -- Fixed model approach -- Random model approach -- Hierarchical Clustering of Microarray Data -- Distance matrix -- UPGMA -- Neighbor joining -- Principle of neighbor joining -- Computational algorithm -- Other methods -- Bootstrap confidence -- Model-Based Clustering of Microarray Data -- Cluster analysis with the K-means method -- Cluster analysis under Gaussian mixture -- Multivariate Gaussian distribution -- Mixture distribution -- The EM algorithm -- Supervised cluster analysis -- Semi-supervised cluster analysis -- Inferring the number of clusters -- Microarray experiments with replications -- Gene Specific Analysis of Variances -- General linear model -- The SEM algorithm -- Hypothesis testing -- Factor Analysis of Microarray Data -- Background of factor analysis -- Linear model of latent factors -- EM algorithm -- Number of factors -- Cluster analysis -- Differential expression analysis -- MCMC algorithm -- Classification of Tissue Samples Using Microarrays -- Logistic regression -- Penalized logistic regression -- The coordinate descent algorithm -- Cross validation -- Prediction of disease outcome -- Multiple category classification -- Time-Course Microarray Data Analysis -- Gene expression profiles -- Orthogonal polynomial -- B-spline -- Mixed effect model -- Mixture mixed model -- EM algorithm -- Best linear unbiased prediction -- SEM algorithm -- Monte Carlo sampling -- SEM steps -- Quantitative Trait Associated Microarray Data Analysis -- Linear association -- Linear model -- Cluster analysis -- Three-cluster analysis -- Differential expres -- SEM algorithm -- MCMC algorithm -- Joint analysis of all markers -- Multiple eQTL model -- SEM algorithm -- MCMC algorithm -- Hierarchical evolutionary stochastic search (HESS).

Sommario/riassunto

Statistical genomics is a rapidly developing field, with more and more people involved in this area. However, a lack of synthetic reference books and textbooks in statistical genomics has become a major hurdle to the development of the field. Although many books have been published recently in bioinformatics, most of them emphasize DNA sequence analysis under a deterministic approach. Principles of Statistical Genomics synthesizes the state-of-the-art statistical methodologies (stochastic approaches) applied to genome study. It facilitates understanding of the statistical models and methods behind the major bioinformatics software packages, which will help researchers choose the optimal algorithm to analyze their data and better interpret the results of their analyses. Understanding existing statistical models and algorithms assists researchers to develop improved statistical methods to extract maximum information from their data. Resourceful and easy to use, Principles of Statistical Genomics is a comprehensive reference for researchers and graduate students studying statistical genomics. .

