1.	Record Nr.	UNISANNIOAQ10006547
	Titolo	Digital private branch exchanges (PBXs) : tutorial / [edited by] Edwin R. Coover
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington (D.C.), : IEEE computer society press, c1989
	ISBN	0818608293
	Descrizione fisica	IX, 384 p. ; 28 cm.
	Disciplina	621.386
	Soggetti	Impianti telefonici
	Collocazione	SALA DING 621.386 DIGPBE
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910299785603321
	Autore	Quirk Thomas J
	Titolo	Excel 2013 for Social Sciences Statistics : A Guide to Solving Practical Problems / / by Thomas J. Quirk
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2015
	ISBN	3-319-19177-2
	Edizione	[1st ed. 2015.]
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XV, 257 p. 167 illus. in color.)
	Collana	Excel for Statistics, , 2570-4605
	Disciplina	300.727
	Soggetti	Statistics
		Social sciences
		Psychology—Methodology
		Psychometrics
		Statistics for Social Sciences, Humanities, Law
		Methodology of the Social Sciences
		Psychological Methods/Evaluation
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia

Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	Sample Size, Mean, Standard Deviation and Standard Error of the Mean -- Random Number Generator -- Confidence Interval About the Mean Using the TINV Function and Hypothesis Testing -- One-Group t-Test for the Mean -- Two-Group t-Test of the Difference of the Means for Independent Groups -- Correlation and Simple Linear Regression -- Multiple Correlation and Multiple Regression -- One-Way Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) -- References -- Appendices -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	This is the first book to show the capabilities of Microsoft Excel to teach social science statistics effectively. It is a step-by-step exercise-driven guide for students and practitioners who need to master Excel to solve practical social science problems. If understanding statistics isn't your strongest suit, you are not especially mathematically-inclined, or if you are wary of computers, this is the right book for you. Excel, a widely available computer program for students and managers, is also an effective teaching and learning tool for quantitative analyses in social science courses. Its powerful computational ability and graphical functions make learning statistics much easier than in years past. However, Excel 2013 for Social Science Statistics: A Guide to Solving Practical Problems is the first book to capitalize on these improvements by teaching students and managers how to apply Excel to statistical techniques necessary in their courses and work. Each chapter explains statistical formulas and directs the reader to use Excel commands to solve specific, easy-to-understand social science problems. Practice problems are provided at the end of each chapter with their solutions in an Appendix. Separately, there is a full Practice Test (with answers in an Appendix) that allows readers to test what they have learned. Includes 167 illustrations in color Suitable for upper undergraduates or graduate students.

3.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910966531303321
	Autore	Mosk Carl
	Titolo	Nationalism and economic development in modern Eurasia / / Carl Mosk
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 2013
	ISBN	0-203-44158-3 1-299-16113-8 1-135-07118-7
	Edizione	[1st ed.]
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (311 p.)
	Collana	Routledge explorations in economic history ; ; 62
	Classificazione	BUS000000BUS023000BUS069000
	Disciplina	320.54095
	Soggetti	Nationalism - History Nation-state - History Economic development - History
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
	Nota di contenuto	pt. I. Nationalism, economic development, and warfare -- pt. II. Europe -- pt. III. Asia -- pt. IV. Implications and conclusions.
	Sommario/riassunto	"This book advances a new theory of why nationalism emerged in the modern world. In particular it explains why nationalism and economic development are closely linked, and why warfare plays a crucial role in the spread of the nation-state system. It is based on qualitative and quantitative evidence over the period 1600 to 2000 for seven countries--Great Britain, France, Germany, Yugoslavia, the United States, Japan and China "--