

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910460859003321
Titolo	Pluralism by default : weak autocrats and the rise of competitive politics
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Baltimore, Maryland, : Johns Hopkins University Press, 2015 ©2015
ISBN	1-4214-1813-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (274 p.)
Classificazione	321
Altri autori (Persone)	WayLucan
Soggetti	Political participation - Belarus Political participation - Moldova Political participation - Ukraine Democratization - Belarus Democratization - Moldova Democratization - Ukraine Belarus - Politics and government - 1991- Moldova - Politics and government - 1991- Ukraine - Politics and government - 1991- Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Sommario/riassunto	"Focusing on regime trajectories across three countries in the former Soviet Union (Belarus, Moldova, and Ukraine), Lucan Way argues that democratic political competition has often been grounded less in well-designed institutions or emerging civil society, and more in the failure of authoritarianism. In many cases, pluralism has persisted because autocrats have been too weak to steal elections, repress opposition, or keep allies in line. Attention to the dynamics of this "pluralism by default" reveals an important but largely unrecognized contradiction in the transition process in many countries - namely, that the same factors that facilitate democratic and semi-democratic political competition may also thwart the development of stable, well-functioning democratic institutions. Weak states and parties - factors

typically seen as sources of democratic failure - can also undermine efforts to crack down on political opposition and concentrate political control"--

"Focusing on regime trajectories across the former Soviet Union, Pluralism by Default posits that political competition in "new democracies" has often been grounded less in well-designed institutions, democratic leaders, or emerging civil society and more in the failure of authoritarianism. Lucan Way contends that pluralism has persisted in many cases because autocrats lack the organization, authority, or coordination to steal elections, impose censorship, repress opposition, or keep allies in line. Attention to the dynamics of this "pluralism by default" reveals a largely unrecognized contradiction in the transition process: the same factors that facilitate democratic and semi-democratic political competition may also thwart the development of stable, well-functioning democratic institutions. National divisions or weak states and parties--typically seen as impediments to democracy--can also stymie efforts to crack down on political opposition and concentrate control. Way demonstrates that the features that have made Ukraine the most democratic country in the former Soviet Union also contributed to the country's extreme dysfunction and descent into war in 2014"--

2. Record Nr.	UNISALENT0991003170159707536
Autore	Deacy, Susan
Titolo	Athena in the Classical world / edited by Susan Deacy and Alexandra Villing
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden ; Boston ; Köln : Brill, 2001
ISBN	9004121420
Descrizione fisica	XII, 435, [24] p. di tav. : ill. ; 24 cm.
Altri autori (Persone)	Villing, Alexandra
Disciplina	292.2
Soggetti	Atena (dea greca) Atena (dea greca)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliografia: p. [382]-395. Indici.