

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910464475703321
Autore	Acharya Amitav
Titolo	Civilizations in embrace : the spread of ideas and the transformation of power : India and Southeast Asia in the classical age // Amitav Acharya
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, , 2013 ©2013
ISBN	981-4379-74-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (128 p.)
Collana	Nalanda-Sriwijaya research series
Disciplina	303.48254059
Soggetti	Staatsideologie Kulturkontakt König Hinduismus Buddhismus HISTORY / Asia / India & South Asia Electronic books. Southeast Asia Civilization Indic influences Southeast Asia Relations India
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Foreword -- Preface -- Acknowledgements -- About the Author -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Debating Indian Influence in Southeast Asia -- 3 "Indianization", "Localization" or "Convergence"? -- 4 Understanding How and Why Ideas Spread -- 5 "Hellenization" of the Mediterranean compared to "Indianization" of Southeast Asia: Two Paradigms of Cultural Diffusion? -- 6 Final Thoughts -- Photo Section -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	This study revisits one of the most extensive examples of the spread of ideas in the history of civilization: the diffusion of Indian religious and political ideas to Southeast Asia before the advent of Islam and European colonialism. Hindu and Buddhist concepts and symbols of kingship and statecraft helped to legitimize Southeast Asian rulers, and transform the political institutions and authority of Southeast Asia. But

the process of this diffusion was not accompanied by imperialism, political hegemony, or "colonization" as conventionally understood. This book investigates different explanations of the spread of Indian ideas offered by scholars, including why and how it occurred and what were its key political and institutional outcomes. It challenges the view that strategic competition is a recurring phenomenon when civilizations encounter each other.

---

2. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991003111819707536
Autore	Pitacco, Ermanno
Titolo	Modelli attuariali per le assicurazioni sulla salute / Ermanno Pitacco
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano : EGEA, [1995]
ISBN	8823802865
Descrizione fisica	xi, 365 p. ; 24 cm
Collana	CERAP ; 7
Disciplina	368.38201
Soggetti	Assicurazioni infortuni - Modelli matematici Assicurazioni malattie - Modelli matematici
Lingua di pubblicazione	Non definito
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910786771703321
Autore	Nading Alexander M., III, <1979->
Titolo	Mosquito trails : ecology, health, and the politics of entanglement // Alex M. Nading
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oakland, California : , : University of California Press, , 2014 ©2014
ISBN	0-520-95856-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (288 p.)
Disciplina	614.5/8852097285
Soggetti	Dengue Dengue viruses Nicaragua
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- List of Illustrations -- Acknowledgments -- Guide to Acronyms -- Introduction: Dengue in the Landscape -- One. City of Emergencies -- Two. Patrons, Clients, and Parasites -- Three. House holding and Evangelical Ecology -- Four. Mosquitos, Madres, y Moradores -- Five. Stories of Surveillance and Participation -- Six. Dengue Season in the City of Emergencies -- Conclusion -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	Dengue fever is the world's most prevalent mosquito-borne illness, but Alex Nading argues that people in dengue-endemic communities do not always view humans and mosquitoes as mortal enemies. Drawing on two years of ethnographic research in urban Nicaragua and challenging current global health approaches to animal-borne illness, Mosquito Trails tells the story of a group of community health workers who struggle to come to terms with dengue epidemics amid poverty, political change, and economic upheaval. Blending theory from medical anthropology, political ecology, and science and technology studies, Nading develops the concept of "the politics of entanglement" to describe how Nicaraguans strive to remain alive to the world around them despite global health strategies that seek to insulate them from their environments. This innovative ethnography illustrates the

continued significance of local environmental histories, politics, and household dynamics to the making and unmaking of a global pandemic.

---