

1. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991003086129707536
Autore	Ziegler, Rolf
Titolo	Von Marx zum markt : chancen und risiken betrieblicher Neugründungen in den neuen bundesländern : vorgetragen in der sitzung vom 7. November 1997 / Rolf Ziegler
Pubbl/distr/stampa	München : Verlag der Bayerischen akademie der wissenschaften, in Kommission bei der C.H. Beck'schen verlagsbuchhandlung, 2000
ISBN	3769616065
Descrizione fisica	40 p. : ill. ; 22 cm
Collana	Sitzungsberichte / Bayerische akademie der wissenschaften. Philosophisch-historische klasse ; Jahrg. 2000/1
Disciplina	658.401
Soggetti	Aziende - Germania orientale - Gestione - Controllo
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991004280935207536
Autore	Menzini, Benedetto, <1646-1704>
Titolo	Dell'arte poetica di Benedetto Menzini accademico della sacra maestà di Cristina regina di Svezia libri cinque. All'emin.mo e rev.mo sig.r cardinale Decio Azzolino
Pubbl/distr/stampa	In Firenze : nella stamperia di Piero Matini, all'ins. del Lion d'Oro, 1688
Descrizione fisica	149, [3] p. ; 8° (21 cm)
Altri autori (Enti)	Matini, Piero
Disciplina	851.5
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Tit. dell'occh.: L'arte poetica di Benedetto Menzini Segn.: A-I K Bianca c. K4 Var. B: Ricomposti il front. e le c. A3-4 contenenti la dedica

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910965824103321
Autore	Sgherri Silvia
Titolo	On Impatience and Policy Effectiveness / / Silvia Sgherri, Tamim Bayoumi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2009
ISBN	9786612842405 9781462321476 146232147X 9781452742007 1452742006 9781451871654 1451871651 9781282842403 1282842404
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (30 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Altri autori (Persone)	BayoumiTamim
Disciplina	339.5;339.52
Soggetti	Fiscal policy Economic policy Aggregate Factor Income Distribution Banks and Banking Comparative or Joint Analysis of Fiscal and Monetary Policy Consumption Economics Expenditure Expenditures, Public Finance Financial services Income Interest rates Interest Rates: Determination, Term Structure, and Effects Macroeconomics Macroeconomics: Consumption National accounts National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: General Personal income Personal Income, Wealth, and Their Distributions Public finance & taxation Public Finance

Real interest rates
Saving
Stabilization
Treasury Policy
Wealth
United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; II. Theoretical Model; III. Empirical Estimates; IV. Analysis and Discussion; V. Conclusions and Policy Implications; References; Tables; 1. United States: Unit Root Tests; 2. United States: Cointegration Tests; 3. United States: Estimates of Unrestricted Model (Eq. 10); 4. United States: Estimates of Restricted Model with Impatient Consumers (Eq. 9); Figures; 1. United States: The Data, 1955-2005; 2. United States: Validity of Model Restrictions over Time; 3. United States: Time Variation in the Discount Wedge 4. United States: Time Variation in the Persistence of Income/Policy Shocks5. United States: Time Variation in Income/Policy Multiplier; 6. United States: Counterfactual Analysis
Sommario/riassunto	An increasing body of evidence suggests that the behavior of the economy has changed in many fundamental ways over the last decades. In particular, greater financial deregulation, larger wealth accumulation, and better policies might have helped lower uncertainty about future income and lengthen private sectors' planning horizon. In an overlapping-generations model, in which individuals discount the future more rapidly than implied by the market rate of interest, we find indeed evidence of a falling degree of impatience, providing empirical support for this hypothesis. The degree of persistence of "windfall" shocks to disposable income also appears to have varied over time. Shifts of this kind are shown to have a key impact on the average marginal propensity to consume and on the size of policy multipliers.

4. Record Nr.	UNINA9910254063003321
Autore	Mukhopadhyay Parimal
Titolo	Complex Surveys : Analysis of Categorical Data / / by Parimal Mukhopadhyay
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer Nature Singapore : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2016
ISBN	981-10-0871-X
Edizione	[1st ed. 2016.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (259 p.)
Disciplina	519.5
Soggetti	Statistics Biometry Social sciences - Statistical methods Statistical Theory and Methods Statistics in Business, Management, Economics, Finance, Insurance Biostatistics Statistics in Social Sciences, Humanities, Law, Education, Behavioral Sciences, Public Policy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Chapter 1. Preliminaries -- Chapter 2. The Design-Effects and Mis-Specification Effects -- Chapter 3. Some Classical Models in Categorical Data Analysis -- Chapter 4. Analysis of Categorical Data under a Full Model -- Chapter 5. Analysis of Categorical Data under Log-Linear Models -- Chapter 6. Analysis of Categorical Data under Logistic Regression Model -- Chapter 7. Analysis in the Presence of Classification Errors -- Chapter 8. Approximate MLE's from Survey Data.
Sommario/riassunto	The primary objective of this book is to study some of the research topics in the area of analysis of complex surveys which have not been covered in any book yet. It discusses the analysis of categorical data using three models: a full model, a log-linear model and a logistic regression model. It is a valuable resource for survey statisticians and practitioners in the field of sociology, biology, economics, psychology and other areas who have to use these procedures in their day-to-day work. It is also useful for courses on sampling and complex surveys at

the upper-undergraduate and graduate levels. The importance of sample surveys today cannot be overstated. From voters' behaviour to fields such as industry, agriculture, economics, sociology, psychology, investigators generally resort to survey sampling to obtain an assessment of the behaviour of the population they are interested in. Many large-scale sample surveys collect data using complex survey designs like multistage stratified cluster designs. The observations using these complex designs are not independently and identically distributed – an assumption on which the classical procedures of inference are based. This means that if classical tests are used for the analysis of such data, the inferences obtained will be inconsistent and often invalid. For this reason, many modified test procedures have been developed for this purpose over the last few decades.
