

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990000770130203316
Autore	LEON, Luis de, monaco
Titolo	Poesías / Fray Luis de Leon ; estudios, testo critico bibliografia y comentario de Oreste Macri
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Barcelona : Editorial critica, 1982
ISBN	88-7423-184-1
Edizione	[Nueva ed. revisada]
Descrizione fisica	375 p. ; 20 cm
Collana	Lecturas de filologia
Disciplina	861.3
Collocazione	VI.5.A. 444(Ilsp B 5 32)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Spagnolo
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991001807839707536
Autore	Mosby, John Singleton
Titolo	Gray Ghost : the memoirs of colonel John S. Mosby / edited by Charles Wells Russel ; introduction by Jeffrey D. Wert ; general series editor Paul Andrew Hutton
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York [etc.] : Bantam books, [1992]
ISBN	0553296507
Descrizione fisica	XXI, 414 p. : ill. ; 23 cm
Altri autori (Persone)	Russell, Charles Wells Wert, Jeffrey D. Hutton, Paul Andrew
Disciplina	973
Soggetti	Stati Uniti d'America Storia Sec. 19. Diari e memorie
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910426058003321
Autore	Chu Raymond W. <1936-2021.>
Titolo	Career patterns in the Ching dynasty : the office of governor-general / / Raymond W. Chu, William G. Saywell
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ann Arbor, Michigan : , : University of Michigan Press, , 1981
ISBN	9780472127788 0472127780 9780472901746 0472901745
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (1 online resource xvii, 143 pages.)
Collana	Michigan Monographs in Chinese Studies ; ; no. 51
Classificazione	HIS000000S0C000000S0C008000
Altri autori (Persone)	SaywellWilliam G. <1936->
Disciplina	354.5103/16/09
Soggetti	Governors - China - History Governors - China - Biography China Politics and government 1644-1912
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Bibliography: pages 135-143.
Nota di contenuto	Cover -- Title -- Copyright -- Dedication -- Contents -- List of Tables -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- List of Abbreviations -- Chapter I: Historical Survey and Powers of Office -- Chapter II: Ethnic Composition and Dynastic Control -- Chapter III: Career Patterns -- Chapter IV: Professional Mobility: Determinants of Success and Failure -- Conclusions -- Appendix 1: Percentage of Complete Data by Subject and Ethnic Group -- Appendix 2: Memorials by Lin Tse-hsü and T'ao Chu -- Appendix 3: Official income of Governors-general -- Appendix 4: Examples of Regulations and Penalties for the Conduct of Governors and Governors-general -- Notes -- Glossary -- Bibliography.
Sommario/riassunto	The office of governor general (tsung-tu) was the highest provincial post throughout the Ch'ing dynasty. As such, it was a vital link in the control of a vast empire by a very small and alien ruling elite. This is primarily a biographical and statistical analysis of the incumbents of that office. By analyzing the biographical data of those who held the position of governor-general, much may be learned about the nature of the office itself. However, the main objective of the study is to provide information on career patterns, that is, the variety of different posts

held from the first official appointment to that of governor-general, of an important cross section of successful Ch'ing bureaucrats. By plotting and analyzing the different patterns their official careers took, we should be able to determine what kind of men reached the top of China's provincial and national administration during the final centuries of China's imperial history; the qualifications that were required; the factors which prompted rapid promotion or sudden disgrace. We should also be able to determine the extent to which these and other factors varied markedly among Manchu, Mongol, Chinese Bannerman, and Han incumbents and whether changes throughout the dynasty can be detected in policies concerning the office or in the career patterns of its personnel. If such detection is possible, this study may lend support to the view that late imperial China was not static, but a society undergoing significant changes.
