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| 1. Record Nr. | UNISALENTO991001401069707536 |
| Autore | Carriero, Michele |
| Titolo | Sulle trasformazioni lineari chiuse ad indice / Michele Carriero |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Catania : Seminario Mat. Univ. Catania, [1974] |
| Descrizione fisica | 7 p. ; 23 cm. |
| Classificazione | AMS 35J25 |
| Disciplina | 515.353 |
| Soggetti | Boundary value problems |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Italiano |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Estratto da "Le matematiche" vol. 29, n.1 (1974) |
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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910956534403321 |
| Autore | Marino Elizabeth |
| Titolo | Fierce Climate, Sacred Ground : An Ethnography of Climate Change in Shishmaref, Alaska / / Elizabeth Marino |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Fairbanks : , 2015., : University of Alaska Press |
| ISBN | 9781602232679 1602232679 |
| Edizione | [1st ed.] |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (135 p.) |
| Disciplina | 304.2/5097986 |
| Soggetti | Human beings - Effect of climate on - Alaska - Shishmaref Ethnology - Alaska - Shishmaref Climatic changes - Alaska - Shishmaref Indigenous peoples - Alaska - Shishmaref - Ecology Climat - Changements - Etats-Unis - Alaska (Etats-Unis) Ethnologie - Etats-Unis - Alaska (Etats-Unis) Homme - Effets du climat - Etats-Unis - Alaska (Etats-Unis) Umsiedlung Kulturelle Identität Küste Klimaänderung Inyupiat Erosion |

Remote-sensing maps
 Ethnoecology
 Human beings - Effect of climate on
 Ethnology
 Climatic changes
 Refugies ecologiques - Alaska - Shishmaref
 Justice environnementale - Alaska - Shishmaref
 Inupiat (Inuits) - Alaska - Shishmaref - Relations avec l'Etat
 Inupiat (Inuits) - Deplacement - Alaska - Shishmaref
 Ethnologie - Alaska - Shishmaref
 Homme - Influence du climat - Alaska - Shishmaref
 Climat - Changements - Aspect anthropologique - Alaska - Shishmaref
 Ethnoecology - Alaska - Shishmaref
 Spatiocartes.
 Remote-sensing maps.
 Shishmaref (Alaska) Remote-sensing maps
 Alaska Shishmaref
 Shishmaref (Alaska) Conditions environnementales
 Shishmaref (Alaska) Maps

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| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Includes index. |
| Nota di contenuto | It's the end of the world, and Shishmaref is everywhere -- Unnatural natural disasters -- Flooding and erosion in Shishmaref: the anatomy of a climate change disaster -- Seal oil lamps and pre-fab housing: a history of colonialism in Shishmaref -- Finding a way forward: trust, distrust, and Alaska native relocation planning in the twenty-first century -- Tenacity of home -- Ethics of climate change. |
| Sommario/riassunto | Fierce Climate, Sacred Ground is an ethnographic account of the impacts of climate change in Shishmaref, Alaska. In this small Inupiat community, flooding and erosion are forcing community members to consider relocation as the only possible solution for long-term safety. However, a tangled web of policy obstacles, lack of funding, and organizational challenges leaves the community without a clear way forward, creating serious questions of how to maintain cultural identity under the new climate regime. Elizabeth Marino analyzes this unique and grounded example of a warming world as a confluence of political injustice, histories of colonialism, global climate change, and contemporary development decisions. The book merges theoretical insights from disaster studies, political analysis, and passages from field notes into an eminently readable text for a wide audience. This is an ethnography of climate change; a glimpse into the lived experiences of a global phenomenon. |

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| 3. Record Nr. | UNINA9910974606503321 |
| Autore | Johnson Dominic D. P. <1974-> |
| Titolo | Overconfidence and war : the havoc and glory of positive illusions / / Dominic D.P. Johnson |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Cambridge, Mass., : Harvard University Press, 2004 |
| ISBN | 9780674039162 0674039165 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (289 p.) |
| Disciplina | 355.02/7 |
| Soggetti | War - Psychological aspects War - Causes Military history, Modern - 20th century Military history, Modern - 21st century |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references (p. 239-269) and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Frontmatter -- Contents -- 1 War and Illusions -- 2 Looking for Illusions -- 3 World War I -- 4 The Munich Crisis -- 5 The Cuban Missile Crisis -- 6 Vietnam -- 7 Vanity Dies Hard -- 8 Iraq, 2003 -- Appendix -- Notes -- Acknowledgments -- Index |
| Sommario/riassunto | Opponents rarely go to war without thinking they can win--and clearly, one side must be wrong. This conundrum lies at the heart of the so- called "war puzzle": rational states should agree on their differences in power and thus not fight. But as Dominic Johnson argues in Overconfidence and War, states are no more rational than people, who are susceptible to exaggerated ideas of their own virtue, of their ability to control events, and of the future. By looking at this bias--called "positive illusions"--as it figures in evolutionary biology, psychology, and the politics of international conflict, this book offers compelling insights into why states wage war. Johnson traces the effects of positive illusions on four turning points in twentieth-century history: two that erupted into war (World War I and Vietnam); and two that did not (the Munich crisis and the Cuban missile crisis). Examining the two wars, he shows how positive illusions have filtered into politics, causing leaders to overestimate themselves and underestimate their adversaries--and |

to resort to violence to settle a conflict against unreasonable odds. In the Munich and Cuban missile crises, he shows how lessening positive illusions may allow leaders to pursue peaceful solutions. The human tendency toward overconfidence may have been favored by natural selection throughout our evolutionary history because of the advantages it conferred--heightening combat performance or improving one's ability to bluff an opponent. And yet, as this book suggests--and as the recent conflict in Iraq bears out--in the modern world the consequences of this evolutionary legacy are potentially deadly.
