Record Nr. UNISALENTO991001060189707536 **Autore** Watkins, Christopher Learning Windows programming with virtual reality / Christopher D. Titolo Watkins, Russell J. Berube, Jr Pubbl/distr/stampa Boston, MA: AP Professional, c1995 **ISBN** 012737843X (disk) 0127378421 Descrizione fisica xv, 305 p. : ill. ; 24 cm + 1 computer disk Classificazione AMS 68N99 QA76.76.W56W38 Disciplina 005.2 Soggetti Virtual reality Windows (Computer programs) Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Note generali Includes bibliographical references and index

Record Nr. UNINA9910141771703321 Autore Peebles Dave Titolo Pacific regional order / / Dave Peebles Pubbl/distr/stampa Canberra, Australia:,: ANU E Press:,: Asia Pacific Press,, 2005 ©2005 **ISBN** 9781920942465 9780731537334 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (322 pages): illustrations; digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 337.195 Soggetti Regionalism - Pacific Area National security - Economic aspects - Pacific Area Pacific Area Politics and government Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Foreword -- Tables -- Figures -- Abbreviations -- Acknowledgments -- 1. A strategic vision -- 2. Challenges to regional order -- 3. Australia and regional order -- 4. The Pacific Islands Forum -- 5. From a Forum to a Community -- 6. Free trade -- 7. Monetary cooperation and integration -- 8. Security -- 9. Human rights -- 10. The rule of law -- 11. Democracy -- 12. Evolution -- 13. Forging regional order --Appendices -- 1. Key facilitation measures for the Oceania Common Market -- 2: Further features of the Oceania labour mobility agreement -- 3: Tourism—the Oceania trade order in action -- 4: UN reform to aid the Oceania Community -- References -- Index. Sommario/riassunto New policies are needed if the Pacific is to realise its potential as a peaceful, prosperous region, where the Pacific's citizens enjoy good standards of health and education, long lives and many opportunities; where Pacific economic growth is constantly improving, driven by environmentally sustainable service industries; where coups, civil conflict and the dangers of failed states have been relegated to the past; where the Pacific is integrated into the wider region, and is an influential voice in world affairs. Argues that Pacific countries including

Australia, need to embrace regional integration to realise this vision. The book sets out a comprehensive plan for realising a Pacific regional

community dedicated to promoting sustainable development, security, human rights, the rule of law and democracy.

3. Record Nr. UNINA9910544863303321

Autore Bromell David

Titolo Regulating free speech in a digital age: hate, harm and the limits of

censorship / / David Bromell

Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham, Switzerland:,: Springer,, [2022]

©2022

ISBN 9783030955502

9783030955496

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xxi, 229 pages) : color illustrations

Disciplina 342.085

Soggetti Freedom of expression

Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese

Formato Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Nota di contenuto Intro -- Foreword -- Preface -- Acknowledgements -- Contents --

About the Author -- 1 Introduction: After Christchurch -- 1.1 The Terrorist Attack on Christchurch Mosques -- 1.2 Terrorism in a Digital Age -- 1.3 The Christchurch Call -- 1.3.1 Global Internet Forum to Counter Terrorism (GIFCT) -- 1.3.2 Civil Society Responses to the Christchurch Call -- 1.3.3 First Tests for the Christchurch Call -- 1.3.4 Progress and Prospects for Success -- 1.4 Hard Questions for Policy Makers Everywhere -- Part IRegulating Harmful Digital Communication -- 2 Challenges in Regulating Online Content -- 2.1 Four Competing Objectives -- 2.2 The Internet and Digital Communication -- 2.2.1 A World Wide Web -- 2.2.2 Public or Private? -- 2.3 Challenges in Moderating Online Content -- 2.3.1 Inconsistent Moderation and Enforcement -- 2.3.2 Lazy Cats, Clever Mice -- 2.3.3

Moderation and Enforcement -- 2.3.2 Lazy Cats, Clever Mice -- 2.3.3 A Regulatory Deficit -- 2.3.4 The Internet Never Forgets -- 2.4 The Nature of the Beast -- 3 The Business Models of Big Tech -- 3.1 The Attention Economy, Algorithms and Rabbit Holes -- 3.1.1 Selling What You Like -- 3.1.2 Algorithms and Rabbit Holes -- 3.1.3 Through

the Looking-Glass -- 3.2 A Global Oligopoly -- 3.3 Platforms

or Publishers? -- 3.4 Reining in the Beast -- 4 Deplatforming and Democratic Legitimacy -- 4.1 Trump, Parler and the Power of Big Tech -- 4.1.1 Pulling the Plug on POTUS -- 4.1.2 Inky Pinky Parlez-Vous? -- 4.2 Does Deplatforming Work? -- 4.3 Who Calls the Shots? --4.3.1 Private Companies Acting as Courts -- 4.3.2 Big Brother Is Watching You -- 4.4 Checks and Balances -- 4.4.1 A Global Regulatory Framework -- 4.4.2 Civil Society and the Fourth Estate -- 4.4.3 Deplatforming Is Not a Silver Bullet -- Part IIHate, Harm and the Limits of Censorship -- 5 Regulating "Hate Speech" -- 5.1 The Call for More Law -- 5.2 Current New Zealand Law -- 5.3 Proposed Law Changes. 5.4 Recent Developments in Other Selected Jurisdictions -- References -- 6 Free Speech and Its Limits -- 6.1 The Right to Freedom of Opinion and Expression -- 6.2 Freedom of Expression as a Qualified Right --6.2.1 International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights -- 6.2.2 International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination -- 6.2.3 "Lawful Hate Speech" -- 6.3 Justifiable Restrictions on Freedom of Expression -- 6.3.1 Lawful, Necessary and Proportionate -- 6.3.2 The Rabat Plan of Action -- 6.3.3 Defamation of Religion -- 6.3.4 Some Recent Developments -- 6.4 Context Matters -- 7 Hate, Harm and the Liberal State -- 7.1 Hate and Harm -- 7.1.1 "Hate Speech" and "Hate Crime" -- 7.1.2 How Much of a Problem Is "Hate Speech"? -- 7.1.3 It's About Harm, Not Hate --7.1.4 The Harm Principle -- 7.2 The Idea of the Liberal State -- 7.3 Diversity and Conflict -- 7.3.1 People Want and Value Different Things -- 7.3.2 Us and Them-And Digital Tribes -- 7.3.3 Resolving Conflict Without Recourse to Violence -- 7.4 An Agonistic Politics of Difference -- 8 Striking a Fair Balance When Regulating Free Speech -- 8.1 Arguments Against Restricting Free Speech -- 8.1.1 Individual Autonomy -- 8.1.2 Human Agency and Legal Responsibility -- 8.1.3 Reason and the Marketplace of Ideas -- 8.1.4 Political Legitimacy and Representative Democracy -- 8.1.5 Restraining the State -- 8.1.6 A Dilemma for Human Rights Law -- 8.1.7 Legal Efficacy -- 8.2 Free Speech Is Not the Only Right -- 8.2.1 A Not-So-Hypothetical Case --8.2.2 All the World's a Stage -- 8.3 Three Key Distinctions -- 8.3.1 Harm and Offence -- 8.3.2 Public and Private -- 8.3.3 Persons and Groups -- 8.4 Power, Numbers and the Heckler's Veto -- 9 Counter-Speech Is Everyone's Responsibility -- 9.1 Governments Need to Invest, Not Just Regulate -- 9.2 Online Civic Interventions. 9.3 Counter-Speech Is Everyone's Responsibility -- 9.3.1 Focus on Persons, Not Groups -- 9.3.2 Choose When to Speak, and When to Keep Silent -- 9.3.3 Stand Together -- 9.3.4 Re-frame -- 9.3.5 Reclaim -- 9.4 Call In, Not Out -- 10 Conclusion: Cleaning Up After the Party -- 10.1 A Role for Governments-And Regulation -- 10.2 The Private Sector and Social Responsibility -- 10.3 Civil Society and the Fourth Estate -- 10.4 Concluding Reflections: They Are Us.

Sommario/riassunto

Hateful thoughts and words can lead to harmful actions like the March 2019 terrorist attack on mosques in Christchurch, New Zealand. In free, open and democratic societies, governments cannot justifiably regulate what citizens think, feel, believe or value, but do have a duty to protect citizens from harmful communication that incites discrimination, active hostility and violence. Written by a public policy advisor for fellow practitioners in politics and public life, this book discusses significant practical and moral challenges regarding internet governance and freedom of speech, particularly when responding to content that is legal but harmful. Policy makers and professionals working for governmental institutions need to strike a fair balance between protecting from harm and preserving the right to freedom of expression. And because merely passing laws does not solve complex

social problems, governments need to invest, not just regulate. Governments, big tech and the private sector, civil society, individual citizens and the fourth estate all have roles to play, and counterspeech is everyone's responsibility. This book tackles hard questions about internet governance, hate speech, cancel culture and the loss of civility, and illustrates principled pragmatism applied to perplexing policy problems. Furthermore, it presents counter-speech strategies as alternatives and complements to censorship and criminalisation.