Record Nr. UNISALENTO991000411889707536 **Autore** Pucci, Sabrina **Titolo** Il bilancio di esercizio delle imprese di assicurazione in una prospettiva europea / Sabrina Pucci Pubbl/distr/stampa Torino: G. Giappichelli, [2001] **ISBN** 8834812158 Descrizione fisica IX, 400 p.; 24 cm Collana Studi di ragioneria e di economia aziendale ; 38 Disciplina 657.836 Soggetti Imprese di assicurazione - Bilancio Lingua di pubblicazione Italiano **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia

Segue: Appendice

Note generali

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910796888603321 Autore Lammer Andreas Titolo The elements of Avicenna's physics: Greek sources and Arabic innovations / / Andreas Lammer Pubbl/distr/stampa Berlin; ; Boston:,: De Gruyter,, [2018] ©2018 **ISBN** 3-11-071019-6 3-11-054608-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (614 pages): illustrations Collana Scientia Graeco-Arabica;; 20 Disciplina 181.5 Islamic philosophy Soggetti Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Frontmatter -- Contents -- List of Abbreviations -- List of Figures and Nota di contenuto Tables -- Preface -- Acknowledgements / Lammer, Andreas --Introduction -- 1. The Arabic Fate of Aristotle's Physics -- 2. The Methodology of Teaching and Learning -- 3. The Subject-Matter of Physics -- 4. Nature and Power -- 5. Putting Surface Back into Place --6. Time and Temporality in the Physical World -- Conclusion --Bibliography -- Index This study is the first comprehensive analysis of the physical theory of Sommario/riassunto the Islamic philosopher Avicenna (d. 1037). It seeks to understand his contribution against the developments within the preceding Greek and Arabic intellectual milieus, and to appreciate his philosophy as such by emphasising his independence as a critical and systematic thinker. Exploring Avicenna's method of "teaching and learning," it investigates the implications of his account of the natural body as a threedimensionally extended composite of matter and form, and examines his views on nature as a principle of motion and his analysis of its relation to soul. Moreover, it demonstrates how Avicenna defends the Aristotelian conception of place against the strident criticism of his predecessors, among other things, by disproving the existence of void and space. Finally, it sheds new light on Avicenna's account of the

essence and the existence of time. For the first time taking into account the entire range of Avicenna's major writings, this study fills a gap in

our understanding both of the history of natural philosophy in general and of the philosophy of Avicenna in particular.