Record Nr. UNISA996552348903316 Autore **Tomkins Alannah Titolo** The poor in England 1700-1850: an economy of makeshifts // edited by Steven King and Alannah Tomkins Pubbl/distr/stampa Manchester University Press, 2003 Manchester, England:,: Manchester University Press,, 2018 ©2003 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (285 pages): figures, maps (black and white); digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 305.569094209033 Poor - England - History - 18th century Soggetti Poor - England - History - 19th century Charity - History Income - England - History Public welfare - England - History Social networks - England - History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali First published: 2003. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Dedication -- Contents -- List of tables -- List of figures -- Acknowledgements -- 1 Introduction -- 2 'Not by bread only'? -- 3 The economy of makeshifts and the poor law -- 4 'Agents in their own concerns'? -- 5 Crime, criminal networks and the survival strategies of the poor in early eighteenth-century London -- 6 Pawnbroking and the survival strategies of the urban poor in 1770s York -- 7 Kinship, poor relief and the welfare process in early modern England -- 8 Making the most of opportunity -- 9 Conclusion -- Index Sommario/riassunto This fascinating study investigates the experience of English poverty between 1700 and 1900 and in the ways in which the poor made ends meet. The phrase 'economy of makeshifts' has often been used to summarise the patchy, desperate and sometimes failing strategies of the poor for material survival. Incomes or benefits derived from such strategies allegedly ranged from wages supported by under-

employment via petty crime through to charity, but allusions to this

array of makeshifts usually fall short of answering vital questions about how and when the poor secured access to them. This book represents the single most significant attempt in print to supply the English 'economy of makeshifts' with a solid, empirical basis and to advance the concept of makeshifts from a vague but convenient label to a more precise yet inclusive definition. Individual chapters written by some of the leading, young historians of welfare examine how advantages gained from access to common land, mobilisation of kinship support, resorting to crime, and other marginal resources could prop up struggling households. They suggest how the balance of these strategies might change over time or be modified by gender, life-cycle and geography. A comprehensive introduction summarises the state of research on English poverty, and a thought-provoking conclusion makes valuable suggestions for the direction of future research. This book will be crucial for historians of social life and welfare, of interest to researchers working on eighteenth- /nineteenth- century England and will be useful to undergraduates seeking guidance on the historiography of poverty.