1. Record Nr. UNISA996543172103316 Autore Tejel Jordi Titolo Rethinking State and Border Formation in the Middle East: Turkish-Syrian-Iraqi Borderlands, 1921-46 / / Jordi Tejel Edinburgh: ,: Edinburgh University Press, , [2023] Pubbl/distr/stampa ©2023 **ISBN** 1-3995-0367-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (376 p.): 4 B/W illustrations Disciplina 956/.03 Soggetti Borderlands - Iraq - History - 20th century Borderlands - Syria - History - 20th century Borderlands - Turkey - History - 20th century Nationalism - Middle East - History - 20th century HISTORY / Middle East / General Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico Frontmatter -- Contents -- FIGURES -- Acknowledgements --Nota di contenuto Introduction -- 1 Networks of Violence in the Shatterzones of the Post-Ottoman Middle East -- 2 Refugees, Borders and Identity Boundaries --3 Cross-Border Infringements: Smugglers, Criminals and Fugitives -- 4 Interstate Cooperation Against Diseases and Plagues and its Limits -- 5 Railroads, Uneven Mobilities and Frail States -- 6 Irredentism in a Context of Global Uncertainty -- 7 De-Bordering and Re-Bordering Middle Eastern States -- Conclusion -- Bibliography -- INDEX Sommario/riassunto Reinterprets the making of the Turkish-Syrian-Iragi borderlands from a decentred and connected perspectiveAnalyses the violence and forced displacement in the borderlands of the post-Ottoman Middle EastExamines the contribution of border populations to the making of the history of the borderlands, nation-states and the region as a wholeCovers the borderlands stretching between Turkey, Syria, and Iraq while paying attention to border variations Turkey-Syria/Turkey-Irag/Syria-IragUtilises theoretical and methodological debates in

borderlands and mobility studies, as well as social, environmental and transnational historyWhile the wars in Iraq, Syria, Libya and Yemen,

alongside the establishment of the so-called "Islamic Caliphate" have brought the debate about the crisis of the territorial nation-state in the Middle East once again to the fore, this issue cannot be simply understood as the logical consequence of either an imported political construction or the purported artificiality of Middle Eastern borders. Instead, the process of state formation in the region has been a complicated course that involved different institutional traditions, managing societies marked by varying degrees of political loyalty to central power, and dealing with colonial interference. Rethinking State and Border Formation in the Middle East seeks to disentangle some of these complexities by proposing both a decentred and dialectic approach. Taking its cue from the bourgeoning field of borderland studies and a variety of historical sub-disciplines, this monograph pays attention to the circulation of people, goods, diseases and ideas as well as to the everyday encounters between a wide range of state and nonstate actors in the borderlands laying between Turkey, Syria and Iraq. The goal is to provide a much more holistic yet finely-grained understanding of the formation of the territorial state in the interwar Middle East.