

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996542666303316
Titolo	Brainlesion: Glioma, Multiple Sclerosis, Stroke and Traumatic Brain Injuries [[electronic resource]] : 8th International Workshop, BrainLes 2022, Held in Conjunction with MICCAI 2022, Singapore, September 18, 2022, Revised Selected Papers // edited by Spyridon Bakas, Alessandro Crimi, Ujjwal Baid, Sylwia Malec, Monika Pytlarz, Bhakti Baheti, Maximilian Zenk, Reuben Dorent
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer Nature Switzerland : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2023
ISBN	3-031-33842-1
Edizione	[1st ed. 2023.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (294 pages)
Collana	Lecture Notes in Computer Science, , 1611-3349 ; ; 13769
Disciplina	518.1
Soggetti	Computer vision Medical informatics Social sciences—Data processing Application software Education—Data processing Artificial intelligence Computer Vision Health Informatics Computer Application in Social and Behavioral Sciences Computer and Information Systems Applications Computers and Education Artificial Intelligence
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Brainlesion -- Brain Tumor Segmentation (BraTS) Challenge -- Brain Tumor Sequence Registration (BraTS-Reg) Challenge -- Cross-Modality Domain Adaptation (CrossMoDA) Challenge -- Federated Tumor Segmentation (FeTS) Challenge.
Sommario/riassunto	This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 8th International MICCAI Brainlesion Workshop, BrainLes 2022, as well as the Brain Tumor Segmentation (BraTS) Challenge, the Brain Tumor Sequence

Registration (BraTS-Reg) Challenge, the Cross-Modality Domain Adaptation (CrossMoDA) Challenge, and the Federated Tumor Segmentation (FeTS) Challenge. These were held jointly at the Medical Image Computing for Computer Assisted Intervention Conference, MICCAI 2022, in September 2022. The 46 revised full papers presented in these volumes were selected from 65 submissions. The presented contributions describe the research of computational scientists and clinical researchers working on brain lesions - specifically glioma, multiple sclerosis, cerebral stroke, traumatic brain injuries, vestibular schwannoma, and white matter hyper-intensities of presumed vascular origin. .
