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| Nota di contenuto | Segmentation -- A Bayesian Neural Net to Segment Images with Uncertainty Estimates and Good Calibration -- Explicit Topological Priors for Deep-Learning Based Image Segmentation Using Persistent Homology -- Semi-Supervised and Task-Driven Data Augmentation -- Classification and Inference -- Analyzing Brain Morphology on the Bag-of-Features Manifold -- Modeling and Inference of Spatio-Temporal |

Protein Dynamics Across Brain Networks -- Deep Learning --
InceptionGCN: Receptive Field Aware Graph Convolutional Network for
Disease Prediction -- Adaptive Graph Convolution Pooling for Brain
Surface Analysis -- On Training Deep 3D CNN Models with Dependent
Samples in Neuroimaging -- A Deep Neural Network for Manifold-
Valued Data with Applications to Neuroimaging -- Improved Disease
Classification in Chest X-rays with Transferred Features from Report
Generation -- Reconstruction -- Limited Angle Tomography
Reconstruction: Synthetic Reconstruction via Unsupervised Sinogram
Adaptation -- Improving Generalization of Deep Networks for Inverse
Reconstruction of Image Sequences -- Disease Modeling -- Event-
Based Modeling with High-Dimensional Imaging Biomarkers for
Estimating Spatial Progression of Dementia -- Shape -- Minimizing
Non-Holonomicity: Finding Sheets in Fibrous Structures -- Learning
Low-Dimensional Representations of Shape Data Sets with
Diffeomorphic Autoencoders -- Diffeomorphic Medial Modeling --
Controlling Meshes via Curvature: Spin Transformations for Pose-
Invariant Shape Processing -- Registration -- Local Optimal Transport
for Functional Brain Template Estimation -- Unsupervised Deformable
Registration for Multi-Modal Images via Disentangled Representations
-- Learning Motion -- Real-Time 2D-3D Deformable Registration with
Deep Learning and Application to Lung Radiotherapy Targeting -- Deep
Modeling of Growth Trajectories for Longitudinal Prediction of Missing
Infant Cortical Surfaces -- Functional Imaging -- Integrating
Convolutional Neural Networks and Probabilistic Graphical Modeling for
Epileptic Seizure Detection in Multichannel EEG -- A Novel Sparse
Overlapping Modularized Gaussian Graphical Model for Functional
Connectivity Estimation -- White Matter Imaging -- Asymmetry
Spectrum Imaging for Baby Diffusion Tractography -- A Fast Fiber k-
Nearest-Neighbor Algorithm with Application to Group-Wise White
Matter Topography Analysis -- Posters -- 3D Organ Shape
Reconstruction from Topogram Images -- A Cross-Center Smoothness
Prior for Variational Bayesian Brain Tissue Segmentation -- A Graph
Model of the Lungs with MorphologyBased Structure for Tuberculosis
Type Classification -- A Longitudinal Model for Tau Aggregation in
Alzheimers Disease Based on Structural Connectivity -- Accurate
Nuclear Segmentation with Center Vector Encoding -- Bayesian
Longitudinal Modeling of Early Stage Parkinsons Disease Using DaTscan
Images -- Brain Tumor Segmentation on MRI with Missing Modalities --
Contextual Fibre Growth to Generate Realistic Axonal Packing for
Diffusion MRI Simulation -- DeepCenterline: a Multi-task Fully
Convolutional Network for Centerline Extraction -- ECKO: Ensemble of
Clustered Knockoffs for Robust Multivariate Inference on fMRI Data --
FastReg: Fast Non-Rigid Registration via Accelerated Optimisation on
the Manifold of Diffeomorphisms -- Graph Convolutional Nets for Tool
Presence Detection in Surgical Videos -- High-Order Oriented
Cylindrical Flux for Curvilinear Structure Detection and Vessel
Segmentation -- Joint CS-MRI Reconstruction and Segmentation with a
Unified Deep Network -- Learning a Conditional Generative Model for
Anatomical Shape Analysis -- Manifold Exploring Data Augmentation
with Geometric Transformations for Increased Performance and
Robustness -- Multifold Acceleration of Diffusion MRI via Deep
Learning Reconstruction from Slice-Undersampled Data -- Riemannian
Geometry Learning for Disease Progression Modelling -- Semi-
Supervised Brain Lesion Segmentation with an Adapted Mean Teacher
Model -- Shrinkage Estimation on the Manifold of Symmetric Positive-
Definite Matrices with Applications to Neuroimaging -- Simultaneous
Spatial-temporal Decomposition of Connectome-Scale Brain Networks

by Deep Sparse Recurrent Auto-Encoders -- Ultrasound Image Representation Learning by Modeling Sonographer Visual Attention -- A Coupled Manifold Optimization Framework to Jointly Model the Functional Connectomics and Behavioral Data Spaces -- A Geometric Framework for Feature Mappings in Multimodal Fusion of Brain Image Data -- A Hierarchical Manifold Learning Framework for High-Dimensional Neuroimaging Data -- A Model for Elastic Evolution on Foliated Shapes -- Analyzing Mild Cognitive Impairment Progression via Multi-view Structural Learning -- New Graph-Blind Convolutional Network for Brain Connectome Data Analysis -- CIA-Net: Robust Nuclei Instance Segmentation with Contour-Aware Information Aggregation -- Data-Driven Model Order Reduction For Diffeomorphic Image Registration -- DGR-Net: Deep Groupwise Registration of Multispectral Images -- Efficient Interpretation of Deep Learning Models Using Graph Structure and Cooperative Game Theory: Application to ASD Biomarker Discovery -- Generalizations of Ripley's K-Function with Application to Space Curves -- Group Level MEG/EEG Source Imaging via Optimal Transport: Minimum Wasserstein Estimates -- InSpect: INtegrated SPECTral Component Estimation and Mapping for Multi-Contrast Microstructural MRI -- Joint Inference on Structural and Diffusion MRI for Sequence-Adaptive Bayesian Segmentation of Thalamic Nuclei with Probabilistic Atlases -- Learning-Based Optimization of the Under-Sampling Pattern in MRI -- Melanoma Recognition via Visual Attention -- Nonlinear Markov Random Fields Learned via Backpropagation -- Robust Biophysical Parameter Estimation with a Neural Network Enhanced Hamiltonian Markov Chain Monte Carlo Sampler -- SHAMANN: Shared Memory Augmented Neural Networks -- Signet Ring Cell Detection With a Semi-supervised Learning Framework -- Spherical U-Net on Cortical Surfaces: Methods and Applications -- Variational Autoencoder with Truncated Mixture of Gaussians for Functional Connectivity Analysis.

Sommario/riassunto

This book constitutes the proceedings of the 26th International Conference on Information Processing in Medical Imaging, IPMI 2019, held at the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong, China, in June 2019. The 69 full papers presented in this volume were carefully reviewed and selected from 229 submissions. They were organized in topical sections on deep learning and segmentation; classification and inference; reconstruction; disease modeling; shape, registration; learning motion; functional imaging; and white matter imaging. The book also includes a number of post papers. .
