1.	Record Nr.	UNISA996465410403316
	Titolo	Coordination Models and Languages [[electronic resource]] : 5th International Conference, COORDINATION 2002, YORK, UK, April 8-11, 2002 Proceedings / / edited by Farhad Arbab, Carolyn Talcott
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2002
	ISBN	3-540-46000-4
	Edizione	[1st ed. 2002.]
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XII, 412 p.)
	Collana	Lecture Notes in Computer Science, , 0302-9743 ; ; 2315
	Disciplina	004/.35
	Soggetti	Architecture, Computer Programming languages (Electronic computers) Computer programming Computer communication systems Computers Software engineering Computer System Implementation Programming Languages, Compilers, Interpreters Programming Techniques Computer Communication Networks Computation by Abstract Devices Software Engineering
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
	Nota di contenuto	Invited Presentations Playing Games with Software Design Coordination and System Design in a Network-Centric Age Time, Knowledge, and Cooperation: Alternating-Time Temporal Epistemic Logic and Its Applications Accepted Papers Coordination for Orchestration Concurrent Semantics for the Web Services Specification Language DAML-S Coordination through Channel Composition Exogenous and Endogenous Extensions of Architectural Types Coordinating Mobile Object-Oriented Code Formalizing Properties of Mobile Agent Systems Dynamically

Adapting the Behaviour of Software Components -- An Associative Broadcast Based Coordination Model for Distributed Processes --State—and Event-Based Reactive Programming in Shared Dataspaces --Integrating Two Organizational Systems through Communication Genres -- OpenCoLaS a Coordination Framework for CoLaS Dialects --Coordination in a Reflective Architecture Description Language --Coordinating Software Evolution via Two-Tier Programming -- Criteria for the Analysis of Coordination in Multi-agent Applications -- Towards a Colimit-Based Semantics for Visual Programming -- The Cost of Communication Protocols and Coordination Languages in Embedded Systems -- Operational Semantics for Coordination in Paradigm --Service Provision in Ad Hoc Networks -- PN2: An Elementary Model for Design and Analysis of Multi-agent Systems -- A Recovery Technique Using Multi-agent in Distributed Computing Systems -- An Order-Based, Distributed Algorithm for Implementing Multiparty Interactions -- Exploiting Transiently Shared Tuple Spaces for Location Transparent Code Mobility -- Formal Specification of JavaSpaces™ Architecture Using ?CRL -- Objective vs. Subjective Coordination in Agent-Based Systems: A Case Study -- Scheduling under Uncertainty: Planning for the Ubiquitous Grid -- Using Logical Operators as an Extended Coordination Mechanism in Linda -- A Framework for Coordinating Parallel Branch and Bound Algorithms -- Policies for Cooperative Virtual Teams -- The Spacetub Models and Framework -- Tuple-Based Models in the Observation Framework -- Extending the Matching Facilities of Linda -- Semantics of Protocol Modules Composition and Interaction. This volume contains the proceedings of the Fifth International Conference on Coordination Models and Languages (Coordination 2002), held in York, UK, 8-11 April 2002. Coordination models and languages close the conceptual gap - tween the cooperation model used by the constituent parts of an application and the lower-level communication model used in its implementation. Coordinati- based methods provide a clean separation between individual software comnents and their interactions within their overall software organization. This se- ration, together with the higher-level abstractions o?ered by coordination models and languages, improve software productivity, enhance maintainability, advocate modularity, promote reusability, and lead to software organizations and arc- tectures that are more tractable and more amenable to veri?cation and global analysis. Coordination is relevant in design, development, debugging, maintenance, and reuse of all complex concurrent and distributed systems. Speci?cally, ordination becomes paramount in the context of open systems. systems with mobile entities, and dynamically re-con?gurable evolving systems. Moreover, - ordination models and languages focus on such key issues in Component Based Software Engineering as speci?cation, interaction, and dynamic composition of components.

Sommario/riassunto