

1. Record Nr.	UNIPARTHENOPE000006608
Autore	Brownlie, Ian
Titolo	Principles of Public International Law / Ian Brownlie
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford : Oxford University Press, 2003
ISBN	0199260710
Edizione	[6. ed.]
Descrizione fisica	XLII, 742 p. ; 25 cm
Disciplina	341
Collocazione	G-0175
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910454896303321
Autore	Eckstein Susan <1942->
Titolo	The immigrant divide [[electronic resource] ] : how Cuban Americans changed the U.S. and their homeland // Susan Eva Eckstein
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York ; ; London, : Routledge, c2009
ISBN	1-135-83834-8 1-282-23499-4 9786612234996 0-203-88100-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (311 p.)
Disciplina	973/.04687291
Soggetti	Cuban Americans - History Cuban Americans - Social conditions Cuban Americans - Politics and government Electronic books. Cuba History Revolution, 1959 Cuba Emigration and immigration Cuba Foreign relations United States United States Politics and government United States Emigration and immigration United States Foreign relations Cuba

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Immigrants and the weight of their past xx -- Immigrant imprint in america xx -- Immigrant politics, for whom and for what? xxx -- The personal is political: bonding across borders xxx -- Cuba through the looking glass xxx -- Transforming transnational ties into economic worth xxx -- Dollarization and its discontents: homeland impact of diaspora generosity xxx -- Reenvisioning immigration xxx.
Sommario/riassunto	Are all immigrants from the same home country best understood as a homogeneous group of foreign-born? Or do they differ in their adaptation and transnational ties depending on when they emigrated and with what lived experiences? Between Castro's rise to power in 1959 and the early twenty-first century more than a million Cubans immigrated to the United States. While it is widely known that Cuban emigres have exerted a strong hold on Washington policy toward their homeland, Eckstein uncovers a fascinating paradox: the recent arrivals, although poor and politically weak, have done more to tra

3. Record Nr.	UNISA996464542303316
Titolo	Kidney and kidney tumor segmentation : MICCAI 2021 Challenge, KiTS 2021, held in conjunction with MICCAI 2021, Strasbourg, France, September 27, 2021, proceedings // edited by Nicholas Heller, [and five others]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham, Switzerland : , : Springer, , [2022] ©2022
ISBN	3-030-98385-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (173 pages)
Collana	Lecture Notes in Computer Science ; ; v.13168
Disciplina	616.99461
Soggetti	Electronic data processing Punched card systems
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Preface -- Organization -- Contents -- Automated Kidney Tumor Segmentation with Convolution and Transformer Network -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Related Work -- 2.1 Medical Image Segmentation -- 2.2 Self-attention Mechanism -- 3 Methods -- 3.1 Network Architecture -- 3.2 Loss Function -- 3.3 Pre- and post- processing -- 3.4 Implementation Details -- 4 Results -- 4.1 Dataset -- 4.2 Metrics -- 4.3 Results on KiTS21 Training Set -- 4.4 Results on KiTS21 Test Set -- 5 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Extraction of Kidney Anatomy Based on a 3D U-ResNet with Overlap-Tile Strategy -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 2.4 Postprocessing -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Modified nnU-Net for the MICCAI KiTS21 Challenge -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- 2.5D Cascaded Semantic Segmentation for Kidney Tumor Cyst -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Automated Machine Learning Algorithm for Kidney, Kidney Tumor, Kidney Cyst

Segmentation in Computed Tomography Scans -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Network Architecture -- 2.4 Network Training -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Three Uses of One Neural Network: Automatic Segmentation of Kidney Tumor and Cysts Based on 3D U-Net -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Network Architecture -- 2.2 Segmentation from Low-Resolution CT -- 2.3 Fine Segmentation of Kidney -- 2.4 Segmentation of Tumor and Cysts -- 2.5 Training Protocols -- 3 Results. 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Less is More: Contrast Attention Assisted U-Net for Kidney, Tumor and Cyst Segmentations -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Network Architecture -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- A Coarse-to-Fine Framework for the 2021 Kidney and Kidney Tumor Segmentation Challenge -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 3.1 Metric -- 3.2 Results and Discussions -- 4 Conclusion -- References -- Kidney and Kidney Tumor Segmentation Using a Two-Stage Cascade Framework -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Kidney-Net -- 2.2 Masses-Net -- 2.3 Loss Function -- 3 Experiment -- 3.1 Datasets -- 3.2 Pre-processing and Post-processing -- 3.3 Training and Implementation Details -- 3.4 Metrics -- 4 Results and Discussion -- 5 Conclusion -- References -- Squeeze-and-Excitation Encoder-Decoder Network for Kidney and Kidney Tumor Segmentation in CT Images -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Method -- 2.1 Architecture -- 2.2 Squeeze-and-Excitation Module -- 2.3 Deep Supervision -- 2.4 Loss Function -- 3 Experiments -- 3.1 Datasets -- 3.2 Metrics -- 3.3 Pre- and Post-processing -- 3.4 Implementation Details -- 4 Result -- 5 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- A Two-Stage Cascaded Deep Neural Network with Multi-decoding Paths for Kidney Tumor Segmentation -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Kidney Localization Network -- 2.2 Multi-decoding Segmentation Network -- 2.3 Global Context Fusion Block -- 2.4 Regional Constraint Loss Function -- 3 Experimental Results -- 3.1 Dataset -- 3.2 Implementation Details -- 3.3 Results -- 4 Conclusion -- References -- Mixup Augmentation for Kidney and Kidney Tumor Segmentation -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods. 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion -- References -- Automatic Segmentation in Abdominal CT Imaging for the KiTS21 Challenge -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- An Ensemble of 3D U-Net Based Models for Segmentation of Kidney and Masses in CT Scans -- 1 Introduction -- 2 nnU-Net Determined Details -- 2.1 3D U-Net Network Architecture -- 2.2 3D U-Net Cascade Network Architecture -- 2.3 Preprocessing -- 2.4 Training Details -- 3 Method -- 3.1 Training and Validation Data -- 3.2 Pretraining -- 3.3 Annotations -- 3.4 Regularized Loss -- 3.5 Postprocessing -- 3.6 Final Submission -- 4 Results -- 4.1 Single-Stage, High-Resolution 3D U-Net -- 4.2 3D U-Net Cascade -- 4.3 Model Ensemble -- 4.4 Postprocessing -- 4.5 Test Set Results -- 5 Discussion and Conclusions -- References -- Contrast-Enhanced CT Renal Tumor Segmentation -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- A Cascaded 3D Segmentation Model for Renal Enhanced CT Images -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training

and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Leveraging Clinical Characteristics for Improved Deep Learning-Based Kidney Tumor Segmentation on CT -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Materials and Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Baseline 3D U-Net -- 2.4 Cognizant Sampling Leveraging Clinical Characteristics -- 2.5 Statistical Evaluation -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References.

A Coarse-to-Fine 3D U-Net Network for Semantic Segmentation of Kidney CT Scans -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Data Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- 3D U-Net Based Semantic Segmentation of Kidneys and Renal Masses on Contrast-Enhanced CT -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Network Architecture -- 2.4 Loss Function -- 2.5 Optimization Strategy -- 2.6 Validation -- 2.7 Post-processing -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Kidney and Kidney Tumor Segmentation Using Spatial and Channel Attention Enhanced U-Net -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Data Augmentations -- 2.4 Proposed Method -- 2.5 Residual U-Net for Comparison -- 2.6 Implementation and Training -- 2.7 Inference Procedure -- 3 Results -- 4 Conclusion -- References -- Transfer Learning for KiTS21 Challenge -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Methods -- 2.1 Training and Validation Data -- 2.2 Preprocessing -- 2.3 Proposed Method -- 3 Results -- 4 Discussion and Conclusion -- References -- Author Index.

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4. Record Nr.	UNINA9910779735703321
Autore	Kuhlmann Meinard
Titolo	The ultimate constituents of the material world [[electronic resource] ] : in search of an ontology for fundamental physics / / Meinard Kuhlmann
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Frankfurt, : Ontos Verlag, 2010
ISBN	3-11-032612-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (291 p.)
Collana	Philosophische Analyse / Philosophical analysis ; ; Bd. 37
Disciplina	530.14 530.143
Soggetti	Ontology Physics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Preface -- Part I. Ontology and Quantum Field Theory -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Philosophical Background -- 3. Ontology and Physics -- 4. History and Basic Structure of QFT -- 5. Alternative Approaches -- 6. The Ontological Significance of QFT and AQFT -- Part II. Classical Ontologies -- 7. Classical vs. Revisionary Ontologies -- 8. Particle Interpretation of QFT -- 9. Field Interpretations of QFT -- Part III. Revisionary Ontologies -- 10. Process Ontology -- 11. Trope Ontology I: The Ontological -- 12. Trope Ontology II: Properties and Things -- Part IV. The Trope Bundle Interpretation of QFT: A New Ontology for Fundamental Physics -- 13. Dispositional Trope Ontology -- Part V. Concluding Remarks -- 14. Physics and Philosophy -- 15. Summing Up -- Part VI. Appendices -- Abbreviations and Notation -- A. Special Relativity Theory: Some Notation and Required Results -- B. Ontologically Oriented Survey of Quantum Mechanics -- C. Advanced Foundational Topics in QFT -- D. Assumptions and Results of AQFT -- Bibliography -- Physics (and Mathematics) Glossary -- Philosophy Glossary -- Backmatter
Sommario/riassunto	Today, quantum field theory (QFT)-the mathematical and conceptual framework for contemporary elementary particle physics-is the best starting point for analysing the fundamental building blocks of the material world. QFT if taken seriously in its metaphysical implications yields a picture of the world that is at variance with central classical

conceptions. The core of Kuhlmann's investigation consists in the analysis of various ontological interpretations of QFT, e.g. substance ontologies as well as a process-ontological approach. Eventually, Kuhlmann proposes a dispositional trope ontology, a

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