1. Record Nr. UNISA996449443603316 Autore Mathisen Ralph W Titolo The battle of Vouille, 507 CE [[electronic resource]]: where France began / / edited by Ralph W. Mathisen and Danuta Shanzer Boston ; ; Berlin, : Walter de Gruyter, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-283-62927-5 9786613941725 1-61451-099-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (240 p.) Collana Millennium-Studien = Millennium studies, , 1862-1139 ; ; Bd. 37 Altri autori (Persone) MathisenRalph W. <1947-> ShanzerDanuta Disciplina 944/.013 Vouille, Battle of, Vouille-les-Marais, France, 507 Soggetti Visigoths - France Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- Foreword -- The First Franco-Visigothic War and the Prelude to the Battle of Vouillé -- Vouillé and the Decisive Battle Phenomenon in Late Antique Gaul -- Vouillé, Voulon, and the Location of the Campus Vogladensis -- Vouillé 507: Historiographical. Hagiographical, and Diplomatic Reconsiderations and Fortuna --Clovis, Anastasius, and Political Status in 508 C.E.: The Frankish Aftermath of the Battle of Vouillé -- The Battle of Vouillé and the Restoration of the Roman Empire -- Arians, Catholics, and Vouillé --Vouillé, Orléans (511), and the Origins of the Frankish Conciliar Tradition -- Ravenna, Saint Martin, and the Battle of Vouillé -- Has Anyone Seen the Barbarians? Remarks on the Missing Archeology of the Visigoths in Gaul -- General Index This volume highlights the heretofore largely neglected Battle of Vouillé Sommario/riassunto in 507 CE, when the Frankish King Clovis defeated Alaric II, the King of the Visigoths. Clovis' victory proved a crucial step in the expulsion of the Visigoths from Francia into Spain, thereby leaving Gaul largely to the Franks. It was arguably in the wake of Vouillé that Gaul became Francia, and that "France began." The editors have united an

international team of experts on Late Antiquity and the Merovingian

Kingdoms to reexamine the battle from multiple as well as interdisciplinary perspectives. The contributions address questions of military strategy, geographical location, archaeological footprint, political background, religious propaganda, consequences (both in Francia and in Italy), and significance. There is a strong focus on the close reading of primary source-material, both textual and material, secular and theological.