Record Nr. UNISA996418441603316 Autore **Brombal Luca** Titolo X-ray phase-contrast tomography: underlying physics and developments for breast imaging / / Luca Brombal Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham, Switzerland: ,: Springer, , [2020] ©2020 **ISBN** 3-030-60433-0 Edizione [1st ed. 2020.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XIII, 140 p. 68 illus., 53 illus. in color.) Springer Theses Collana Disciplina 616.9944906 Soggetti Breast - Cancer - Tomography Breast - Cancer - Diagnosis Breast Neoplasms - diagnostic imaging Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto Introduction -- Physics of Propagation-based X-ray Tomography --Propagation-based Breast CT and SYRMA-3D Project -- Detector and Pre-processing -- Experimental Optimization of Propagation-based BCT -- Three-Dimensional Imaging: A Clinically Oriented Focus -- Do We Need Clinical Applications in Synchrotrons? -- Conclusions. Sommario/riassunto X-ray imaging is a corner stone of breast cancer diagnosis. By exploiting the phase shift of X-rays rather than their attenuation. phase-contrast tomography has the potential to dramatically increase the visibility of small and low contrast features, thus leading to better diagnosis. This thesis presents research on the first synchrotron-based project developing a clinical phase-contrast breast computed tomography (CT) setup at Elettra, the Italian Syncrotron Radiation Facility. This book includes a comprehensive theoretical background on propagation-based phase-contrast imaging, exploring and extending the most recent image formation models. Along with theory, many practical implementation and optimization issues, ranging from detector-specific processing to setup geometry, are tackled on the

basis of a large number of experimental evidences. Most of the modelling results and data analysis have general validity, being a valuable framework for optimization of phase-contrast setups. Results

obtained at synchrotron are also compared with "real world" laboratory sources: both a first-of-its-kind comparison with one of the few hospital breast CT systems and a state-of-the-art implementation of monochromatic phase-contrast micro-tomography with a conventional rotating anode source are presented. On a more general level, this work sheds a light on the importance of synchrotron-based clinical programs, which are key to trigger the long-anticipated transition of phase-contrast imaging from synchrotrons to hospitals.