Record Nr. UNISA996418268803316 Autore Zhou Xuefeng **Titolo** Nonparametric Bayesian Learning for Collaborative Robot Multimodal Introspection [[electronic resource] /] / by Xuefeng Zhou, Hongmin Wu, Juan Rojas, Zhihao Xu, Shuai Li Springer Nature, 2020 Pubbl/distr/stampa Singapore:,: Springer Singapore:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2020 **ISBN** 981-15-6263-6 Edizione [1st ed. 2020.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XVII, 137 p. 50 illus., 44 illus. in color.) Disciplina 629.892 Soggetti Robotics Automation **Statistics** Control engineering Mechatronics Machine learning Mathematical models **Robotics and Automation Bayesian Inference** Control, Robotics, Mechatronics Machine Learning Mathematical Modeling and Industrial Mathematics Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto Introduction to Robot Introspection -- Nonparametric Bayesian Modeling of Multimodal Time Series -- Incremental Learning Robot Complex Task Representation and Identification -- Nonparametric Bayesian Method for Robot Anomaly Monitoring -- Nonparametric Bayesian Method for Robot Anomaly Diagnose -- Learning Policy for Robot Anomaly Recovery based on Robot. This open access book focuses on robot introspection, which has a Sommario/riassunto

direct impact on physical human–robot interaction and long-term autonomy, and which can benefit from autonomous anomaly

monitoring and diagnosis, as well as anomaly recovery strategies. In robotics, the ability to reason, solve their own anomalies and proactively enrich owned knowledge is a direct way to improve autonomous behaviors. To this end, the authors start by considering the underlying pattern of multimodal observation during robot manipulation, which can effectively be modeled as a parametric hidden Markov model (HMM). They then adopt a nonparametric Bayesian approach in defining a prior using the hierarchical Dirichlet process (HDP) on the standard HMM parameters, known as the Hierarchical Dirichlet Process Hidden Markov Model (HDP-HMM). The HDP-HMM can examine an HMM with an unbounded number of possible states and allows flexibility in the complexity of the learned model and the development of reliable and scalable variational inference methods. This book is a valuable reference resource for researchers and designers in the field of robot learning and multimodal perception, as well as for senior undergraduate and graduate university students.