

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910454331203321
Titolo	Global economic prospects [[electronic resource] ] : commodities at the crossroads
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, DC, : World Bank, 2009
ISBN	1-281-95980-4 9786611959807 0-8213-7801-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (202 p.)
Disciplina	330.91724222222
Soggetti	Economic forecasting - Developing countries Economic forecasting Economic history - 1990- International economic relations Electronic books. Developing countries Economic conditions
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; Foreword; Acknowledgments; Abbreviations; Overview; Figure O.1 The recent commodity boom was the largest and longest of any boom since 1900; Figure O.2 Real commodity prices in local currency units increased by between 75 and 150 percent but have fallen since; Figure O.3 Slower growth should ease commodity demand; Figure O.4 Technological progress has reduced the quantity of commodities used per unit of GDP; Figure O.5 Oil prices are having a direct impact on food prices; Figure O.6 On average, poor countries are dependent on commodities but relatively resource poor Figure O.7 Primary commodity exporters are exhibiting fewer signs of the behaviors linked to the "resource curse" Figure O.8 Exchange rates, inflation, and government expenditures in new versus established oil exporters, 2001-06; Table O.1 Food price hikes and consumption shares vary by region; Table O.2 Higher food prices have increased both the incidence and severity of poverty worldwide; Chapter 1 Prospects for the Global Economy; Table 1.1 The global outlook in

summary; Figure 1.1 GDP growth; Box 1.1 Chronology of recent developments in the financial crisis  
 Figure 1.2 Emerging market equities are hit hard as turbulence evolves to crisis Figure 1.3 Emerging-market bond spreads widen, especially for corporates; Figure 1.4 Private debt and equity flows decline by a third in 2008; Figure 1.5 Change in GDP in the United States, Europe, and Japan; Figure 1.6 The contribution of U.S. domestic demand to GDP growth; Table 1.2 High-income OECD countries: growth and related indicators; Figure 1.7 U.S. household wealth falls sharply in the last quarters; Figure 1.8 GDP to decline across the OECD  
 Figure 1.9 East Asian countries show steep falloff in output growth  
 Figure 1.10 Output growth in Latin America, South Asia, and Europe and Central Asia is fading; Figure 1.11 Investment was the driving force for growth in developing countries; Table 1.3 Developing regions: growth and related indicators; Figure 1.12 Developing-country GDP growth is expected to fall below 5 percent in 2009; Figure 1.13  
 Headline inflation is easing across industrial countries; Figure 1.14  
 Inflation in emerging markets surged on higher food and energy prices  
 Box 1.2 Commodity prices and inflation in developing countries Figure 1.15 Key developments in 2008 for East Asia and the Pacific; Figure 1.16 Sovereign bond spreads widen across Europe and Central Asia; Figure 1.17 In Latin America and the Caribbean, current accounts of largest economies diverge; Figure 1.18 Oil revenues, recovery from drought underpin growth in the Middle East and North Africa in 2008; Figure 1.19 South Asian production slips in the last months; Figure 1.20 In Sub-Saharan Africa, primary commodity exports increased as prices surged  
 Figure 1.21 World trade is expected to decline in 2009 for the first time since 1982

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## Sommario/riassunto

The eruption of the worldwide financial crisis has radically recast prospects for the world economy. Global Economic Prospects 2009 analyzes the implications of the crisis for low- and middle-income countries, including an in-depth look at long-term prospects for global commodity markets and the policies of both commodity producing and consuming nations. Developing countries face sharply higher borrowing costs and reduced access to capital, cutting into their capacity to finance investment spending. The looming recession presents new risks, coming as it does on the heels of the recent food and

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2. Record Nr.	UNISA996396000603316
Autore	Florio John <1553?-1625.>
Titolo	Queen Anna's nev vworld of words, or dictionarie of the Italian and English tongues, collected, and newly much augmented by Iohn Florio, reader of the Italian vnto the Soueraigne Maiestie of Anna, crowned Queene of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, &c. And one of the gentlemen of hir Royall Priuie Chamber. Whereunto are added certaine necessarie rules and short obseruations for the Italian tongue [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed by Melch. Bradwood [and William Stansby], for Edw. Blount and William Barret, Anno 1611
Descrizione fisica	[16], 617, [5], 617-686, 685-690, [2] p. : port. (metal cut)
Soggetti	Italian language - English Italian language - Grammar
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	An enlarged edition of: A worlde of wordes. The first leaf and the last leaf are blank. The frontispiece portrait of the author is signed: Gul: Hole sculp:. "Necessary rules and short obseruations for the true pronouncing and speedie learning of the Italian tongue" has separate dated title page with "printed by W. Stansby" in imprint; register and pagination are continuous. Reproduction of the original in the Henry E. Huntington Library and Art Gallery.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0113