

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996394540403316
Autore	Hammond John <d. 1707.>
Titolo	Know thy self [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[London], : These are to be given away by the author, at the Sarazens-head within Ald-gate, [ca. 1656?]
Descrizione fisica	1 sheet ([1] p.)
Soggetti	Man (Christian theology)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Verse - "Man's curious nature still contends to know". By John Hammond. Place of publication from Wing; publication date conjectured by cataloger. Reproduction of the original in the Bodleian Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0014

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910955167103321
Autore	Saborowski Christian
Titolo	Capital Inflows and the Real Exchange Rate : : Can Financial Development Cure the Dutch Disease? // Christian Saborowski
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2009
ISBN	9786612842429 9781462337620 1462337627 9781452715773 1452715777 9781282842427 1282842420 9781451871678 1451871678
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (44 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Disciplina	332.042;332.042091724
Soggetti	Capital movements Foreign exchange rates Balance of payments Capital inflows Currency Current Account Adjustment Exports and Imports Finance Finance: General Financial Markets and the Macroeconomy Financial markets Financial sector development Financial services industry Foreign direct investment Foreign Exchange Foreign exchange General Financial Markets: General (includes Measurement and Data) International economics International Investment Investments, Foreign Long-term Capital Movements Multiple or Simultaneous Equation Models: Models with Panel Data

Real exchange rates  
Short-term Capital Movements  
Stock exchanges  
Stock markets  
United Kingdom

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	<p>Contents; I. Introduction; II. Literature Review; III. Empirical Approach; IV. Econometric Methodology; V. Estimation Results; A. Financial Market Development; B. Capital Market Development; VI. Robustness; VII. Discussion; Tables; 1. The Impact of FDI and OCI on the Real Exchange Rate; 2A. Liquid Liabilities and the Impact of FDI Inflows on the Real Exchange Rate; 2B. Private Credit and the Impact of FDI Inflows on the Real Exchange Rate; 2C. Stock Market Size and the Impact of FDI Inflows on the Real Exchange Rate; 2D. Stock Market Activity and the Impact of FDI Inflows on the Real</p> <p>3A. Robustness: Additional Variables in Liquid Liabilities Regression 3B. Robustness: Additional Variables in Stock Market Size Regression; 3C. Robustness: Additional Variables in Stock Market Activity Regression; 4A: Robustness: Excluding One Income Group at a Time in Liquid Liabilities Regression; 4B: Robustness: Excluding One Income Group at a Time in Market Size Regression; 4C: Robustness: Excluding One Income Group at a Time in Market Activity Regression; 5A. Robustness: Excluding One Region at a Time in Liquid Liabilities Regression 5B. Robustness: Excluding One Region at a Time in Stock Market SIZE Regression 5C. Robustness: Excluding One Region at a Time in Stock Market Activity Regression; Appendixes; I. List of Countries; Appendix Tables; 5. List of 84 Countries Used for the Analysis; II. Definitions and Sources of Variables; 6. Definitions and Sources of Variables; III. Summary of Statistics; 7A. Summary Statistics (1997-2006); 7B. Composition of Capital Inflows (1990-2006); IV. Sample of Correlations; 8. Sample Correlations (1997-2006); References</p>
Sommario/riassunto	<p>This paper argues that, in improving the efficient allocation of resources, financial sector development could dampen the appreciation effect of capital inflows. Using dynamic panel data techniques, the paper finds that the exchange rate appreciation effect of FDI inflows is indeed attenuated when financial and capital markets are larger and more active. The main implication of these results is that one of the main dangers associated with large capital inflows in emerging markets-the destabilization of macroeconomic management due to a sizeable appreciation of the real exchange rate-can be mitigated partly by developing a deep financial sector.</p>