

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996392681803316
Titolo	An ordinance of the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament; [[electronic resource]] : VVith in[structions fo]r the taking of the League and Covenant in the Kingdom of England, and dominion of Wales. : Together with the League and Covenant, subscribed with the names of so many of the members of the House of Commons as have taken it
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[London], : Printed for E. Husbands, [1644]
Descrizione fisica	1 sheet ([1] p.)
Soggetti	Broadsides - England - London Church and state - England Great Britain History Civil War, 1642-1649 Early works to 1800
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Place and date of publication from Steele. Imperfect: torn at head, with loss of text. Missing words conjectured by cataloger. Reproduction of original in the British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910557641803321
Autore	Tappia Paramjit S
Titolo	Nutrition and Cardiovascular Health
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, Switzerland, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2020
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (278 p.)
Soggetti	Biology, life sciences Cultural studies: food and society Research and information: general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	There is unequivocal experimental, epidemiological, and clinical evidence demonstrating a correlation between diet and increased risk of cardiovascular disease (CVD). While nutritionally-poor diets can have a significant negative impact on cardiovascular health, dietary interventions with specific nutrients and/or functional foods are considered cost-effective and efficient components of prevention strategies. It has been estimated that nutritional factors may be responsible for approximately 40% of all CVD. Indeed, in one of the seminal studies conducted on modifiable risk factors and heart health (the INTERHEART study), >90% of all myocardial infarctions were attributed to preventable environmental factors with nutrition identified as one of the important determinants of CVD. There is an increasing public interest in and scientific investigation into establishing dietary approaches that can be undertaken for the prevention and treatment of CVD. This Special Issue provides an insight into the influential role of nutrition and dietary habits on cardiovascular health and disease, as well as their mechanisms of therapeutic and preventive action.