

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996392565603316
Autore	Newman, Mr.
Titolo	An hundred and six lessons [[electronic resource]] : or Christian directions, composed together by three godly divines, for the benefit of all those which desire to walk according to Gods word. Occasioned and begun by Mr. Newman, encreased and enlightned [sic] Mr. Johnson, multiplied and ordered by Mr. Breercliffe. Also, a briefe and profitable exposition on Psal. 119. 9. 39
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Printed at York, : by Tho : Broad, 1646
Descrizione fisica	1 sheet ([1] p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	Johnson, Mr. Breercliffe, Mr.
Soggetti	Christian life
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	With decorative border. Annotation on Thomason copy: "Aug: 11th". Reproduction of the original in the British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910784628503321
Autore	Rieffel Alexis <1941->
Titolo	Restructuring sovereign debt : the case for ad hoc machinery // Lex Rieffel
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : Brookings Institution Press, , 2003 ©2003
ISBN	0-8157-9611-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xv, 338 pages) : illustrations
Disciplina	336.3/6
Soggetti	Debt relief - Developing countries Loans, Foreign - Developing countries Debts, External - Developing countries
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Sovereign default in the Bretton Woods era Fundamental concepts The main players Fundamental issues The Paris Club The Bank Advisory Committee (London Club) Process The North-South dialogue in the 1970s The debt crisis of the 1980s and the Brady Plan solution The HIPC Initiative in the 1990s The post-1994 crises and the role of bonds The debate over private sector involvement, 1995-2002 What is broken? What fixes make sense?" Countries don't go bankrupt" Five milestone cases
Sommario/riassunto	"When developing countries began experiencing debt problems in the late 1960s, the Paris Club took shape as "ad hoc machinery" to restructure debt from export credit agencies. A decade later the London Club process emerged to handle workouts of commercial bank debt. Restructuring debt in the form of bonds became an issue in the late 1990s in Argentina and several other nations, and the International Monetary Fund recently proposed a permanent mechanism to deal with that challenge."