

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996392226603316
Autore	Mornay Philippe de, seigneur du Plessis-Marly, <1549-1623.>
Titolo	The soules own evidence, for its own immortality [[electronic resource]] : In a very pleasant and learned discourse, selected out of that excellent treatise entituled, The trunesse of Christian religion, against atheists, epicures, &c. / / First compiled in French by famous Phillip Mornay, Lord of Plessie Marlie, afterward turned into English by eloquent Sir Phillip Sydney, and his assistant, Master Arthur Golden, anno Domini M D LXXX VII. And now re-published. By John Bachiler Master of Arts, somtimes of Emanuell Colledge in Cambridge. Published according to order
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed by M.S. for Henry Overton, in Popes-head Ally, 1646
Descrizione fisica	[8], 64 p
Altri autori (Persone)	SidneyPhilip, Sir, <1554-1586.> GoldingArthur <1536-1606.> BatchilerJohn <ca. 1615-1674.>
Soggetti	Apologetics Christianity - Essence, genius, nature
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Selections, by John Batchiler, from the translation, by Sir Philip Sidney and Arthur Golding, of: Mornay, Phillip de. De la verite de la religion chrestienne. The first leaf is blank. Annotation on Thomason copy: "feb: 20th"; the second 6 in imprint date crossed out and date altered to 1645. Reproduction of the original in the British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910952244503321
Titolo	Melanesian Pidgin and Tok Pisin : proceedings of the First International Conference of Pidgins and Creoles in Melanesia / / editor, John W.M. Verhaar
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam ; ; Philadelphia, : J. Benjamins Pub. Co., 1990
ISBN	1-283-23402-5 9786613234025 90-272-8207-2
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (423 pages) : illustrations
Collana	Studies in language companion series (SLCS), , 0165-7763 ; ; v. 20
Altri autori (Persone)	VerhaarJohn W. M
Disciplina	427/.9953
Soggetti	Tok Pisin language Pidgin English - Melanesia
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"Held in July 1987 at Divine Word Institute, Madang, Papua New Guinea" --Introd.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	MELANESIAN PIDGIN AND TOK PISIN; Editorial page; Title page; Copyright page; Table of contents; Introduction; The position of Melanesian Pidgin in Vanuatu and Papua New Guinea; Verb serialization in Tok Pisin and Kalam: A comparative study of temporal packaging; Serialverbs and prepositions in Bislama; From Old Guinea to Papua New Guinea: A comparative study of Nigerian Pidgin and Tok Pisin; Section B. Grammatical systems; Tok Pisin: Model or special case?; Change and variation in the use of Bai inyoung children's creolized Tok Pisin in Morobe province Code-switching in Gapun: Social and linguistic aspects of language use in a language shifting community On the origins of the predicate marker in Tok Pisin; Taim in Tok Pisin: an interesting variationin use from the Southern Highlandsof Papua New Guinea; Obsolescence in the Tok Pisin vocabulary; Idiomatic Tok Pisin and referential adequacy; Mother tongue and Tok Pisin; Problems in translating from Tok Pisin to Muflan; On the translation of official notices into Tok Pisin; Linguistic decisions in the Tok Pisin Bible; Tok Pisin: The language of modernization; The future of Tok Pisin: Social, political, and educational dimensions; A course in practical Tok Pisin

## Sommario/riassunto

The First International Conference on Pidgins and Creoles in Melanesia was planned mainly for Tok Pisin, but no predetermined theme(s) had been proposed to the participants. Nevertheless, in this collection of papers several principal themes stand out. One is that of a revived interest in substratology, both for Tok Pisin and for Bislama. Another is what in fact amounts to a change in perspective from universalism, as supposedly competitive with the substratological orientation, towards a generalist approach to typology, which reduces the apparent polarity, from a theoretical point of view.

---