

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910452941303321
Autore	Trachtenberg Joshua <1904->
Titolo	Jewish magic and superstition [[electronic resource]] : a study in folk religion / / Joshua Trachtenberg ; foreword by Moshe Idel
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Philadelphia, : University of Pennsylvania Press, 2004
ISBN	1-283-89881-0 0-8122-0833-1
Edizione	[Paperback ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (392 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	IdelMoshe
Disciplina	296
Soggetti	Jews - Folklore Jewish magic Superstition - Religious aspects - Judaism Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Originally published: New York : Behrman's Jewish Book House, 1939. With new introd. Revision of the author's thesis (Ph.D.)--Columbia University.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- TABLE OF CONTENTS -- FOREWORD -- PREFACE -- Chapter 1. THE LEGEND OF JEWISH SORCERY -- Chapter 2. THE TRUTH BEHIND THE LEGEND -- Chapter 3. THE POWERS OF EVIL -- Chapter 4. MAN AND THE DEMONS -- Chapter 5. THE SPIRITS OF THE DEAD -- Chapter 6. THE POWERS OF GOOD -- Chapter 7. "IN THE NAME OF ... " -- Chapter 8. THE BIBLE IN MAGIC -- Chapter 9. THE MAGICAL PROCEDURE -- Chapter 10. AMULETS -- Chapter 11. THE WAR WITH THE SPIRITS -- Chapter 12. NATURE AND MAN -- Chapter 13. MEDICINE -- Chapter 14. DIVINATION -- Chapter 15. DREAMS -- Chapter 16. ASTROLOGY -- APPENDIX I: THE FORMATION OF MAGICAL NAMES -- APPENDIX II: MS. SEFER GEMATRIAOT, pp. 43a-44b, ON GEMS -- ABBREVIATIONS AND HEBREW TITLES -- BIBLIOGRAPHY -- GLOSSARY OF HEBREW TERMS -- INDEX
Sommario/riassunto	Alongside the formal development of Judaism from the eleventh through the sixteenth centuries, a robust Jewish folk religion flourished--ideas and practices that never met with wholehearted approval by religious leaders yet enjoyed such wide popularity that they

could not be altogether excluded from the religion. According to Joshua Trachtenberg, it is not possible truly to understand the experience and history of the Jewish people without attempting to recover their folklife and beliefs from centuries past. Jewish Magic and Superstition is a masterful and utterly fascinating exploration of religious forms that have all but disappeared yet persist in the imagination. The volume begins with legends of Jewish sorcery and proceeds to discuss beliefs about the evil eye, spirits of the dead, powers of good, the famous legend of the golem, procedures for casting spells, the use of gems and amulets, how to battle spirits, the ritual of circumcision, herbal folk remedies, fortune telling, astrology, and the interpretation of dreams. First published more than sixty years ago, Trachtenberg's study remains the foundational scholarship on magical practices in the Jewish world and offers an understanding of folk beliefs that expressed most eloquently the everyday religion of the Jewish people.

2. Record Nr.

UNISA996391031203316

Autore

Markham Gervase <1568?-1637.>

Titolo

The famous whore, or noble curtizan [[electronic resource]] :  
conteining the lamentable complaint of Paulina, the famous Roman  
curtizan, sometimes mes. vnto the great Cardinall Hypolito, of Est. By  
Garuis Markham

Pubbl/distr/stampa

London, : Printed by N[icholas] O[kes] for Iohn Budge, and are to be  
sold at his shop by the great south gate of Paules, 1609

Descrizione fisica

[44] p

Altri autori (Persone)

Du Bellay Joachim <1525 (ca.)-1560.>

Lingua di pubblicazione

Inglese

Formato

Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico

Monografia

Note generali

Based on: Du Bellay, Joachim. *La vieille courtisane*.  
In verse.  
Printer's name from STC.  
Signatures: A-Eâ` Fâ² .  
The first leaf is blank.

Only leaf A4 is paginated.

Reproduction of the original in the Henry E. Huntington Library and Art Gallery.

**Sommario/riassunto**

eebo-0113

**3. Record Nr.**

UNINA9910789916703321

**Titolo**

Approaches for ecosystem services valuation for the Gulf of Mexico after the Deepwater Horizon oil spill [[electronic resource]] : interim report // National Research Council of the National Academies

**Pubbl/distr/stampa**

Washington, D.C., : National Academies Press, 2012

**ISBN**

0-309-21182-4  
1-280-12316-8  
9786613527028  
0-309-21180-8

**Descrizione fisica**

1 online resource (162 p.)

**Disciplina**

363.7382

**Soggetti**

BP Deepwater Horizon Explosion and Oil Spill, 2010  
Natural resources - Management  
Oil spills - Economic aspects - Gulf States  
Oil spills - Environmental aspects - Mexico, Gulf of

**Lingua di pubblicazione**

Inglese

**Formato**

Materiale a stampa

**Livello bibliografico**

Monografia

**Note generali**

"Committee on the Effects of the Deepwater Horizon Mississippi Canyon-252 Oil Spill on Ecosystem Services in the Gulf of Mexico, Ocean Studies Board, Division on Earth and Life Studies."

**Nota di bibliografia**

Includes bibliographical references.

**Nota di contenuto**

""Front Matter""; ""Acknowledgments""; ""Contents""; ""Summary"";  
""Introduction""; ""1 Physiographic, Oceanographic, and Ecological Context of the Gulf of Mexico""; ""2 Approaches to Damage Assessment and Valuation of Ecosystem Services""; ""3 Methods to Establish Baselines for Gulf of Mexico Ecosystem Services""; ""4 An Ecosystem Services Approach to Damage Assessment""; ""References""; ""Appendix A: Committee and Staff Biographies""; ""Appendix B: Acronyms""

## Sommario/riassunto

On April 20, 2010, the Deepwater Horizon platform drilling the Macondo Well in Mississippi Canyon Block 252 (DWH) exploded, killing 11 workers and injuring another 17. The DWH oil spill resulted in nearly 5 million barrels (approximately 200 million gallons) of crude oil spilling into the Gulf of Mexico (GoM). The full impacts of the spill on the GoM and the people who live and work there are unknown but expected to be considerable, and will be expressed over years to decades. In the short term, up to 80,000 square miles of the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) were closed to fishing, resulting in loss of food, jobs and recreation. The DWH oil spill immediately triggered a process under the U.S. Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA) to determine the extent and severity of the "injury" (defined as an observable or measurable adverse change in a natural resource or impairment of a natural resource service) to the public trust, known as the Natural Resources Damage Assessment (NRDA). The assessment, undertaken by the trustees (designated technical experts who act on behalf of the public and who are tasked with assessing the nature and extent of site-related contamination and impacts), requires: (1) quantifying the extent of damage; (2) developing, implementing, and monitoring restoration plans; and (3) seeking compensation for the costs of assessment and restoration from those deemed responsible for the injury. This interim report provides options for expanding the current effort to include the analysis of ecosystem services to help address the unprecedented scale of this spill in U.S. waters and the challenges it presents to those charged with undertaking the damage assessment.

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