

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996390855103316
Autore	Sofford Arthur <fl. 1618-1641.>
Titolo	Sofford. 1624 [[electronic resource]] : A new almanacke and prognostication, for the yeare of our Lord God, 1624. Being bissextile, or leape yeare. : Calculated for the latitude and meridian of the most honourable citie of London; where the pole is exalted aboue the horizon, 51 degr. and 32. min. And may very well serue for most parts of Great Britaine
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed for the Company of Stationers., [1624]
Descrizione fisica	[40] p. : ill
Soggetti	Almanacs, English - 17th century Ephemerides Astrology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Second part has special t.p. with title: Sofford. 1624. A prognostication for the yeare of grace 1624. Signatures: [A]-Bâ, Câ'. Title within border of printers' ornaments. Imperfect: tightly bound, red type slightly faded, blurred and broken type, . Reproduction of original in: British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910824544703321
Autore	Christia Fotini
Titolo	Alliance formation in civil wars / / Fotini Christia, Massachusetts Institute of Technology [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2012
ISBN	1-139-85411-9 1-107-23596-0 1-139-84267-6 1-107-25454-X 1-139-84503-9 1-139-84029-0 1-139-14942-3 1-283-83606-8 1-139-84148-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xvi, 343 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Classificazione	POL011000
Disciplina	303.6/4
Soggetti	Civil war Alliances
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Machine generated contents note: Part I. Context and Theory: 1. Literature and research design; 2. A theory of warring group alliances and fractionalization in multi-party civil wars; Part II. Afghanistan: 3. The Afghan Intra-Mujahedin War, 1992-1998; 4. The Afghan Communist-Mujahedin War, 1978-1989; 5. The theory at the commander level in Afghanistan, 1978-1998; Part III. Bosnia and Herzegovina: 6. The Bosnian Civil War, 1992-1995; 7. The Bosnian Civil War, 1941-1945; Part IV. Further Extensions: 8. Quantitative testing on the universe of cases of multi-party civil wars.
Sommario/riassunto	Some of the most brutal and long-lasting civil wars of our time involve the rapid formation and disintegration of alliances among warring groups, as well as fractionalization within them. It would be natural to suppose that warring groups form alliances based on shared identity

considerations - such as Christian groups allying with Christian groups - but this is not what we see. Two groups that identify themselves as bitter foes one day, on the basis of some identity narrative, might be allies the next day and vice versa. Nor is any group, however homogeneous, safe from internal fractionalization. Rather, looking closely at the civil wars in Afghanistan and Bosnia and testing against the broader universe of fifty-three cases of multiparty civil wars, Fotini Christia finds that the relative power distribution between and within various warring groups is the primary driving force behind alliance formation, alliance changes, group splits and internal group takeovers.
