

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996390196803316
Titolo	The History of Whiggism [[electronic resource]] : from their rise, to their late horrid and unparalell'd conspiracy : to the tune of, When the stormy winds do blow
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[London, : s.n., 1684]
Descrizione fisica	1 sheet ([1] p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	HickeringillEdmund <1631-1708.>
Soggetti	Broadsides17th century.London (England) Great Britain History Charles I, 1625-1649 Poetry
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Attributed to Edmund Hickeringill by Wing. Imperfect: tightly bound and cropped, with loss of imprint. Place and date of publication suggested by Wing. Wing E3832A appears on reverse. Reproduction of original in Bodleian Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0014

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910788935803321
Autore	Heads Michael J.
Titolo	Biogeography of Australasia : a molecular analysis / / Michael Heads, Buffalo Museum of Science, Buffalo, NY, USA [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2014
ISBN	1-107-46173-1 1-139-89322-X 1-107-45956-7 1-107-47240-7 1-139-64446-7 1-107-46528-1 1-107-46881-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xi, 493 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Disciplina	577.2/2099
Soggetti	Biogeography - Australasia Biology - Australasia - Classification - Molecular aspects Species - Australasia
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	The spatial component of evolution -- Evolution in time -- Global affinities of Australasian groups -- Biogeography of Australia -- The Tasman-Coral Sea region : a centre of high biodiversity -- Distribution in and around the Tasman region -- Biogeography of New Zealand -- Biogeography of New Caledonia -- Biogeography of New Guinea and neighbouring islands -- Biogeography of the Philippines -- Conclusions.
Sommario/riassunto	Over the last decade, molecular studies carried out on the Australasian biota have revealed a new world of organic structure that exists from submicroscopic to continental scale. Furthermore, in studies of global biogeography and evolution, DNA sequencing has shown that many large groups, such as flowering plants, passerine birds and squamates, have their basal components in this area. Using examples ranging from kangaroos and platypuses to kiwis and birds of paradise, the book

examines the patterns of distribution and evolution of Australasian biodiversity and explains them with reference to tectonic and climatic change in the region. The surprising results from molecular biogeography demonstrate that an understanding of evolution in Australasia is essential for understanding the development of modern life on Earth. A milestone in the literature on this subject, this book will be a valuable source of reference for students and researchers in biogeography, biodiversity, ecology and conservation.
