

1. Record Nr.	UNIPARTHENOPE000019714
Titolo	I fondi a gestione separata nel bilancio dello Stato / a cura di Mauro Giusti ; contributi di Mauro Giusti ... [et al.]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Rimini : Maggioli, 1984
Titolo uniforme	I fondi a gestione separata nel bilancio dello Stato
Descrizione fisica	282 p. ; 24 cm
Collana	Collana di finanza pubblica ; 2
Disciplina	353.00722
Collocazione	330/3
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNISA996384329403316
Autore	Bellot Jacques
Titolo	Le maistre d'escole Anglois [[electronic resource] ] : Contenant plusieurs profitables preceptes pour les naturelz francois, et autres estrangers qui ont la langue francoise pour paruenir a la vraye prononciation de la langue Angloise. Faict, et mis en lumiere, par.I.B. Gen. Ca. = The Englishe Scholemaister. Conteyning many profitable preceptes for the naturall borne french men, and other straungers that haue their French tongue, to attayne the true pronouncing of the Englishe tongue. Made, and sette forth, by.I.B. Gen. Ca
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Imprime a Londres, : Par Thomas Purfoote, pour Henry Dizlie, 1580
Descrizione fisica	[128] p
Soggetti	English language - Pronunciation by foreign speakers English language - Grammar
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	I.B. = James (or Jacques) Bellot.

Title and text in French and English in parallel columns.  
Parallel imprint information on title page reads: Imprinted at London,  
by Thomas Purfoote, for Henrie Dizlie. 1580.  
French and English parallel caption titles (leaf F4; register is  
continuous) read in part: Le tovfeau, ou bouquet d'amous .. The posye  
or nosegay of loue ..  
Signatures: piâ´ A-G Hâ´.  
Reproduction of the original in the Bodleian Library.

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Sommario/riassunto eebo-0014

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3. **Record Nr.** UNINA9910961885503321  
**Autore** Finley Carmel  
**Titolo** All the fish in the sea : maximum sustainable yield and the failure of  
fisheries management / / Carmel Finley
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- Pubbl/distr/stampa** Chicago ; ; London, : University of Chicago Press, 2011
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- ISBN** 9786613250278  
9781283250276  
1283250276  
9780226249681  
0226249689
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- Edizione** [1st ed.]
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- Descrizione fisica** 1 online resource (224 p.)
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- Disciplina** 333.95/60973
- 
- Soggetti** Fishery management - United States - History - 20th century  
Fishery policy - United States  
Fisheries - Research - United States - History - 20th century  
Fishery management - Japan - History - 20th century  
Fishery management, International - History - 20th century
- 
- Lingua di pubblicazione** Inglese
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- Formato** Materiale a stampa
- 
- Livello bibliografico** Monografia
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- Note generali** Description based upon print version of record.
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- Nota di bibliografia** Includes bibliographical references and index.
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- Nota di contenuto** The quest for rational fishing -- The confrontation at Bristol Bay -- The  
Pacific fisheries frontier -- The fish war with Japan -- Shaping fisheries  
science -- The line in the water -- The road to Rome -- The meeting in

Rome -- Fishing "up" to MSY.

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Sommario/riassunto

Between 1949 and 1955, the State Department pushed for an international fisheries policy grounded in maximum sustainable yield (MSY). The concept is based on a confidence that scientists can predict, theoretically, the largest catch that can be taken from a species' stock over an indefinite period. And while it was modified in 1996 with passage of the Sustained Fisheries Act, MSY is still at the heart of modern American fisheries management. As fish populations continue to crash, however, it is clear that MSY is itself not sustainable. Indeed, the concept has been widely criticized by scientists for ignoring several key factors in fisheries management and has led to the devastating collapse of many fisheries. Carmel Finley reveals that the fallibility of MSY lies at its very inception-as a tool of government rather than science. The foundational doctrine of the MSY emerged at a time when the US government was using science to promote and transfer Western knowledge and technology, and to ensure that American ships and planes would have free passage through the world's seas and skies. Finley charts the history of US fisheries science using MSY as her focus, and in particular its application to halibut, tuna, and salmon fisheries. Fish populations the world over are threatened, and *All the Fish in the Sea* will help sound warnings of the effect of any management policies divested from science itself.

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