1. Record Nr. UNISA996383780203316

Autore	Puttock Roger
Titolo	An abstract of certain depositions, by vertue of His Majesties commission, taken upon oath [[electronic resource]] : concerning the traiterous intention of the rebels in Ireland, in rejecting the government of His Majestie, in having a king of their own: and who that king should be. With an extract of a letter from Rome, 4. Jan. 1641. Published by His Majesties command
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed by Robert Barker, Printer to the Kings most excellent Majestie : And by the Assignes of John Bill, 1642
Descrizione fisica	[2], 8 [i.e. 6] p
Altri autori (Persone)	O'ConnorBonaventura
Soggetti	Ireland History Rebellion of 1641
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"An extract of a letter written 4. January. 1641" is by "Bonaventure O Connye." Reproduction of original in Thomason Collection, British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

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Titolo	Neural Information Processing : 30th International Conference, ICONIP 2023, Changsha, China, November 20-23, 2023, Proceedings, Part IV / / edited by Biao Luo [and four others]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer, , [2024] ©2024
ISBN	981-9980-70-4
Edizione	[First edition.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (594 pages)
Collana	Lecture Notes in Computer Science Series ; ; Volume 14450
Disciplina	745.05
Soggetti	Neural computers Neural networks (Computer science)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Preface -- Organization -- Contents - Part IV -- Human Centred Computing -- Cross-Modal Method Based on Self-Attention Neural Networks for Drug-Target Prediction -- 1 Instructions -- 2 Materials and Approaches -- 2.1 Benchmark Datasets -- 2.2 Implementation Process of SANN-DTI -- 2.3 Adjustment of Parameters -- 2.4 Evaluation Metrics -- 3 Experimental Results -- 3.1 Compared with Baseline Models -- 3.2 Impact of Each Component on Predicted Performance -- 4 Case Study -- 5 Conclusion -- References -- GRF-GMM: A Trajectory Optimization Framework for Obstacle Avoidance in Learning from Demonstration -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Problem Statement -- 3 Method -- 3.1 Gaussian Mixture Model/Gaussian Mixture Regression -- 3.2 Optimization Algorithm: GRF-GMM -- 4 Simulations and Experiments -- 4.1 2D Handwriting Letter Task -- 4.2 Experiment -- 4.3 Comparisons -- 5 Conclusions -- References -- SLG-NET: Subgraph Neural Network with Local-Global Braingraph Feature Extraction Modules and a Novel Subgraph Generation Algorithm for Automated Identification of Major Depressive Disorder -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Related Work -- 2.1 Construction of Braingraph -- 3 Method -- 3.1 Sub-braingraph Sampling and Encoding -- 3.2 Sub-braingraph Selection and Sub-braingraph's Node Selection by LFE Module -- 3.3 Sub-braingraph Sketching by GFE Module and

Classification -- 4 Experiments -- 4.1 Dataset and Parameters Setting -- 4.2 Overall Evaluation -- 4.3 S-BFS, LFE, and GFE Modules Analysis -- 5 Conclusion -- References -- CrowdNav-HERO: Pedestrian Trajectory Prediction Based Crowded Navigation with Human-Environment-Robot Ternary Fusion -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Related Work -- 2.1 Socially Aware Crowded Navigation -- 2.2 Simulator for Crowded Navigation -- 3 Problem Formulation -- 4 HRO Ternary Fusion Simulator -- 4.1 Simulator Setting.
4.2 Static Environment Construction and Collision Avoidance -- 4.3 Crowd Interaction Optimization -- 5 A Crowded Navigation Framework with HERO Ternary Feature Fusion -- 5.1 Spatial-Temporal Pedestrian Trajectory Prediction -- 5.2 Dual-Channel Value Estimation Network -- 6 Experiments -- 6.1 Experimental Settings -- 6.2 Quantitative Evaluations for Crowded Navigation -- 6.3 Quantitative Evaluation of Impact of Environment on Navigation -- 6.4 Quantitative Evaluations on Real Pedestrian Dataset -- 7 Conclusion -- References -- Modeling User's Neutral Feedback in Conversational Recommendation -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Related Work -- 3 Problem Definition -- 4 Proposed Methods -- 4.1 Representation Learning -- 4.2 Action Decision -- 4.3 Selection Strategies -- 4.4 Update and Deduction -- 5 Experiments -- 5.1 DataSet -- 5.2 Experimental Settings -- 5.3 Performance Comparison of NFCR with Existing Models (RQ1) -- 5.4 Ablation Studies (RQ2) -- 5.5 Case Study on Neutral Feedback (RQ3) -- 6 Conclusions -- References -- A Domain Knowledge-Based Semi-supervised Pancreas Segmentation Approach -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Related Work -- 2.1 Semi-supervised Medical Image Segmentation -- 2.2 Domain Knowledge -- 3 Methodology -- 3.1 Loss Function -- 4 Experiments and Results -- 4.1 Datasets -- 4.2 Implementation Details -- 4.3 Ablation Study -- 4.4 Comparison Study -- 5 Conclusion -- References -- Soybean Genome Clustering Using Quantum-Based Fuzzy C-Means Algorithm -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Preliminaries -- 2.1 Fuzzy C-Means -- 2.2 Quantum Computing Concept -- 3 Proposed Work -- 3.1 Dataset Preparation -- 3.2 Quantum Fuzzy C-Means (QFCM) Clustering Approach -- 4 Experiment and Result -- 4.1 Experimental Environment -- 4.2 Datasets Description -- 4.3 Performance Evaluation -- 4.4 Results and Discussion -- 5 Conclusion -- References.
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3.7 Penalty for Uniform Distribution of Constraint Points.

Sommario/riassunto

The six-volume set LNCS 14447 until 14452 constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Neural Information Processing, ICONIP 2023, held in Changsha, China, in November 2023. The 652 papers presented in the proceedings set were carefully reviewed and selected from 1274 submissions. They focus on theory and algorithms, cognitive neurosciences; human centred computing; applications in neuroscience, neural networks, deep learning, and related fields. .