

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996383725403316
Autore	Collier Thomas <fl. 1691.>
Titolo	A brief discovery of the corruption of the ministrie of the Church of England, or, Three clear and evident grounds from which it will appear that they are no ministers of Christ [[electronic resource] /] / published for the information of all by Thomas Colyer
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed for Giles Calvert ..., [1647?]
Descrizione fisica	[4], 27 p
Soggetti	Theology, Doctrinal
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Reproduction of original in the Union Theological Seminary Library, New York.
Nota di contenuto	(from t.p.) I. A parrallel between them and the Jewish priests -- II. A parrallel between them and Simon the Sorcerer -- III. A parrallel between them and the artificiall marchandizing tradesmen.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0160

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910151776903321
Autore	Meyer Stephen C. <1958->
Titolo	Darwin's Doubt : The Explosive Origin of Animal Life and the Case for Intelligent Design
Pubbl/distr/stampa	HarperCollins
ISBN	0-06-265254-0
Disciplina	576.8/2
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Musica
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>When Charles Darwin finished <i>The Origin of Species</i>, he thought that he had explained every clue, but one. Though his theory could explain many facts, Darwin knew that there was a significant event in the history of life that his theory did not explain. During this event, the "Cambrian explosion," many animals suddenly appeared in the fossil record without apparent ancestors in earlier layers of rock. In <i>Darwin's Doubt</i>, Stephen C. Meyer tells the story of the mystery surrounding this explosion of animal life--a mystery that has intensified, not only because the expected ancestors of these animals have not been found, but because scientists have learned more about what it takes to construct an animal. During the last half century, biologists have come to appreciate the central importance of biological information--stored in DNA and elsewhere in cells--to building animal forms. Expanding on the compelling case he presented in his last book, <i>Signature in the Cell</i>, Meyer argues that the origin of this information, as well as other mysterious features of the Cambrian event, are best explained by intelligent design, rather than purely undirected evolutionary processes.</p>