Record Nr. UNISA996320248703316 Autore Wright Abigail **Titolo** Anti-tuberculosis drug resistance in the world [[electronic resource]]: fourth global report: the World Health Organization/International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease (WHO/UNION) Global Project on Anti-Tuberculosis Drug Resistance Surveillance, 2002-2007 // [written by Abigail Wright, Matteo Zignol] Geneva, Switzerland, : World Health Organization, c2008 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-05806-1 9786612058066 92-4-068357-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (152 p.) Altri autori (Persone) ZignolMatteo Disciplina 614.5/42 Soggetti Tuberculosis - Prevention Multidrug-resistant tuberculosis Drug resistance Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese Materiale a stampa **Formato** Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali "WHO/HTM/TB/2008.394." Includes bibliographical references (p. 97-100). Nota di bibliografia Cover; Title; Copyright; Contents; Contributors; GLOBAL NETWORK OF Nota di contenuto SUPRANATIONAL REFERENCE LABORATORIES: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: CONCLUSIONS; Chapter 1. INTRODUCTION; Chapter 2. METHODS; Chapter 3. RESULTS; Chapter 4. DISCUSSION; References; Annex 1; Annex 2; Annex 3; Annex 4; Annex 5 Sommario/riassunto Multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB) has been recorded at the highest rates ever, according to this new report that presents findings from the largest survey to date on the scale of drug resistance in tuberculosis. This fourth global report is based on information collected between 2002 and 2006 on 90,000 TB patients in 81countries. It also found that extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis (XDR-TB), a virtually untreatable form of therespiratory disease, has been recorded in 45 countries. The primary aim of this report is to share survey and

surveillance data on drug resistance in TB. The