Record Nr. UNISA996248159503316 Autore Benczes Istvan Zsolt <1974-> Titolo Trimming the sails: the comparative political economy of expansionary fiscal consolidations: a Hungarian perspective / / Istvan Benczes New York: Budapest,: Central European University Press, 2008 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 978-6-15521-132-4 9786155211324 615-5211-32-9 1-281-37704-X 9786611377045 1-4356-1237-X Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica xvi, 257 p.: ill Disciplina 330.9439 Soggetti Economic forecasting - Hungary Hungary Economic conditions 1989-Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- List of Figures -- List of Tables --Acknowledgements -- 1. Introduction -- Part One. A Critical Assessment of the Concept of Non-Keynesian Effects -- 2. Stylized Facts of EU Countries' Major Fiscal Episodes -- 3. An Expectational View of Fiscal Policy: A Non-Linear Approach to Fiscal Consolidation --4. The Composition of Adjustment and the Structure of Labor Markets: A Linear Approach to Fiscal Consolidation -- Part Two. Testing the Institutional Conditions of Non-Keynesian Effects in Hungary -- 5. Financial Intermediation in Hungary: A Comparative Perspective -- 6. The Expenditure Side of the Hungarian General Government: A Decompositional Analysis -- 7. Labor Market Structure and Wage Bargaining in Hungary: The (Ir)relevance of a Social Pact -- 8. Conclusion -- References -- Appendix 1 -- Appendix 2 -- Appendix 3 -- Index

The book provides a clear, multidisciplinary and systematic analysis of

consolidations. This concept suggests that fiscal adjustment should not

the relatively new concept of the so-called expansionary fiscal

Sommario/riassunto

be in trade-off with economic growth if certain conditions are met. But why do only a few countries and only at certain times experience the expansionary effects, while others not at all? The necessary institutional conditions and circumstances have been totally neglected in the literature, or analyzed only partially at best.