Record Nr. UNISA996247996003316 Autore Mahoney James <1968-> **Titolo** Colonialism and postcolonial development: Spanish America in comparative perspective / / James Mahoney [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa 1-107-20316-3 **ISBN** 0-511-84714-9 1-282-63151-9 9786612631511 0-511-75032-3 0-511-74882-5 0-511-74302-5 0-511-74957-0 0-511-74195-2 0-511-74410-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xvii, 400 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana Cambridge studies in comparative politics Disciplina 325/.346098 Soggetti Postcolonialism - Latin America Comparative government Spain Colonies America Administration Latin America Colonization Latin America Foreign relations Spain Spain Foreign relations Latin America Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Note generali Includes bibliographical references (p. 357-382) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover; Half-title; Title; Copyright; Dedication; Contents; Tables, Figures, and Maps; Preface; 1 Explaining Levels of Colonialism and Postcolonial Development; 2 Spain and Its Colonial Empire in the Americas; 3 Mercantilist Colonialism; 4 Liberal Colonialism; 5 Warfare and Postcolonial Development; 6 Postcolonial Levels of Development; 7 British and Portuguese Colonialism; 8 Conclusion; Notes; Glossary; Select Bibliography of Works on Colonial Spanish America; Index

## Sommario/riassunto

In this comparative-historical analysis of Spanish America, Mahoney offers a new theory of colonialism and postcolonial development. He explores why certain kinds of societies are subject to certain kinds of colonialism and why these forms of colonialism give rise to countries with differing levels of economic prosperity and social well-being. Mahoney contends that differences in the extent of colonialism are best explained by the potentially evolving fit between the institutions of the colonizing nation and those of the colonized society. Moreover, he shows how institutions forged under colonialism bring countries to relative levels of development that may prove remarkably enduring in the postcolonial period. The argument is sure to stir discussion and debate, both among experts on Spanish America who believe that development is not tightly bound by the colonial past, and among scholars of colonialism who suggest that the institutional identity of the colonizing nation is of little consequence.