

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996231334703316
Titolo	Biomedizinische Technik = : Biomedical engineering
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Germany : , : De Gruyter, , [2006?]-
ISSN	1862-278X
Soggetti	Biomedical engineering Biomedical Engineering Electronics, Medical Engineering and manufacturing industries Health Periodical Periodicals.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico
Note generali	Refereed/Peer-reviewed Order of English and German title varies. Print published: Berlin : Fachverlag Schiele & Schön GmbH, 1971-

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910780115303321
Autore	Hindess Barry
Titolo	Freedom, equality, and the market : arguments on social policy // Barry Hindess
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Tavistock Publications, , 1987
ISBN	1-138-46730-8 1-280-32312-4 9786610323128 1-135-80054-5 0-203-29642-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (192 pages)
Collana	Social science paperbacks ; ; no. 349
Disciplina	361.6/1
Soggetti	Social policy Economic policy Welfare state Equality
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliography and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Freedom, Equality, and the Market: Arguments on Social Policy; Copyright; Contents; Acknowledgements; I Introduction; II Government and the economy; III Citizenship and the market; IV Citizenship and inflation; V The contradictions of collectivism; VI The 'strategy of equality' reconsidered; VII Marxism; VIII Liberalism; IX Freedom, equality, and the market; References; Name index; Subject index
Sommario/riassunto	This new textbook for students of social theory considers the role of public intervention in social and economic processes. It is a clear, critical discussion of different theoretical and political perspectives on social policy. Barry Hindess begins with the 'consensus' view, shared by senior politicians, civil servants, and academics throughout much of the postwar period. This view depends on two beliefs: in the capacity of government to manage the economy; and in the development of a qualitatively new relationship between the state and the population. The first is discussed in relat

