

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996218757403316
Titolo	Engineering of Computer-Based Systems (ECBS 2000): Proceedings 7th IEEE Conference and Workshop, Edinburgh, Scotland, 2000
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Place of publication not identified], : IEEE Computer Society Press, 2000
Disciplina	620/.0042/0285
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910634070703321
Autore	Marmorstein Michal
Titolo	Tense and text in classical Arabic : a discourse-oriented study of the classical Arabic tense system / / by Michal Marmorstein
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Brill, 2018 Leiden ; ; Boston : , : Brill, , [2016]
ISBN	9789004310483
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (272 p.)
Collana	Studies in Semitic languages and linguistics, , 0081-8461 ; ; v. 85
Disciplina	492.7/562
Soggetti	Arabic language - Tense Arabic language - Verb
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 241-252) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front Matter -- Introduction -- The Verb in Arabic Grammatical Tradition -- The Verb in Arabistic Literature -- The Structure of Context -- The Verbal Inventory -- The Syntagmatic Structure of the Clause -- The Verbal Paradigm in Embedded Clauses -- The Predicative Paradigm -- The Verbal Paradigm in the Dialogue -- The Verbal Paradigm in the Narrative -- The Verbal Paradigm in the Generic Utterance -- Conclusions -- References -- Index.

Sommario/riassunto

In *Tense and Text in Classical Arabic*, Michal Marmorstein presents a new discourse-oriented analysis of the indicative tense system in Classical Arabic. Critical of commonly held assumptions regarding the binary structure of the tense system and the perfect-imperfect asymmetry, the author redefines the discussion by analysing the extended syntactic and textual environments in which the paradigm of the indicative forms is used. The study shows that the function of Classical Arabic tenses is determined by the interaction of their inherent grammatical meaning and the overall dialogic, narrative, or generic contexts in which they occur. It also demonstrates the particularizing effect of context, so that temporal and aspectual meanings are always more nuanced, delicate, and pragmatically motivated in actual discourse.
