1. Record Nr. UNINA9910449788103321

Autore	Weber Leonard J. <1942->
Titolo	Business ethics in healthcare [[electronic resource]] : beyond compliance / / Leonard J. Weber
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bloomington, : Indiana University Press, 2001
ISBN	1-282-06301-4 9786612063015 0-253-10920-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (212 p.)
Collana	Medical ethics series
Disciplina	174/.26
Soggetti	Business ethics Medical ethics Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [181]-188) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Title; Contents; Acknowledgments; Introduction: Beyond Compliance, Beyond Integrity, Beyond Clinical Ethics; One: Healthcare Business Ethics; Two: Ethics Is Not Neutral: A Framework for Making Decisions; Three: Ethics, Cost, and the Quality of Care; Four: Patient Rights in a Just Organization; Five: Clininians and Conflicts of Interest, A Focus on Management; Six: A Fair Hearing of Appeals of Denied Coverage in Managed Care Plans; Seven: Organizational Ethics, A Code Is Only the Beginning; Eight: Just Wages and Salaries; Nine: Ethics and Downsizing Ten: Patient Requests for Healthcare Provider of a Specific Race or SexEleven: Conscientious Objection to Participation in Certain Treatment Options; Twelve: Union Organizing and Employee Strikes; Thirteen: Responsible Advertising; Fourteen: Environmental Responsibility and the Precautionary Principle; Fifteen: Community Serving Mergers and Acquisitions; Sixteen: Socially Responsible Investing; Seventeen: Components of a Business Ethics Program; Eighteen: The Organizational Ethics Committee; Notes; Index; About the Author
Sommario/riassunto	Healthcare ethics is not just about decisions made at the bedside. It is also about decisions made in executive offices and in boardrooms.

	Business Ethics in Healthcare offers perspectives that can assist healthcare managers achieve the highest ethical standards as they face their roles as healthcare providers, employers, and community service organizations. Weber suggests guidelines and criteria based on the understanding that the healthcare organization is committed to patients' rights, to careful st

2. Record Nr. UNISA996214582503316

Titolo	Sample preparation for hyphenated analytical techniques [[electronic resource] /] / edited by J.M. Rosenfeld
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford, : Blackwell, 2004
ISBN	9786610213375 1-280-21337-X 1-4443-0550-6 1-4051-4803-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (237 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	RosenfeldJ. M
Disciplina	543.19
Soggetti	Sample introduction (Chemistry) Chemistry
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Contributors; Contents; 1 Introduction: current techniques and issues in sample preparation; 2 Molecular pathology: applications of genomic analyses to diagnosis of genetic diseases; 3 Measurement of oxidative DNA damage by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry and liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry; 4 Utility of chemical derivatization schemes for peptide mass fingerprinting; 5 Oligosaccharides; 6 Hyphenated techniques in drug discovery: purity assessment, purification, quantitative analysis and metabolite identification; 7 Environmental organic analytes 8 From cells to instrumental analysis9 Studies on animal to instrument

	hyphenation: development of separation-based sensors for near real-time monitoring of drugs and neurotransmitters; Index
Sommario/riassunto	Linking "standard" but often mutually incompatible analytical techniques - so called hyphenation - generally leads to enhanced analytical performance, so hyphenated techniques are widely used in areas where samples are presented in complex matrices, eg environmental, pharmaceutical and biochemical analysis. With these hyphenated techniques, sample preparation is often the most time-consuming step in analysis, particularly where compounds are present in low concentration, and it has a huge influence on the quality of the analytical results. Sample preparation is still not given the importance i