Record Nr. UNISA996213245503316 Models in spatial analysis [[electronic resource] /] / edited by Lena **Titolo** Sanders Pubbl/distr/stampa London;; Newport Beach, CA,: ISTE, 2007 **ISBN** 1-280-84762-X 9786610847624 0-470-39448-X 0-470-61225-8 1-84704-559-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (349 p.) Collana ISTE;; v.661 Altri autori (Persone) SandersLena Disciplina 910.01/5195 910.015195 Soggetti Geography - Mathematical models Spatial analysis (Statistics) - Mathematical models Geomatics Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Models in Spatial Analysis; Table of Contents; Preface; Introduction; Chapter 1. Modeling Concepts Used in Spatial Analysis: 1.1. Introduction; 1.2. Modeling universals; 1.2.1. Logical frames for modeling; 1.2.2. The language of models; 1.2.2.1. Material or physical model languages; 1.2.2.2. The language of images: iconic models; 1.2.2.3. Modeling in mathematical language; 1.3. A few specific features of spatial models; 1.4. Spatial models: a study grid; 1.4.1. Sequencing and explanation: 1.4.2. The group and the individual: 1.4.3. The random and the determined; 1.4.4. Movement and balance 1.5. Conclusion 1.6. Bibliography; Chapter 2. Geographical Scales and Multidimensional Statistical Methods; 2.1. Introduction; 2.2. Scaling issues; 2.2.1. The consideration of different geographical levels: two possible approaches; 2.2.2. Formalization of relations between two levels; 2.2.2.1. Nested relations and partition graph; 2.2.2.2. Neighborhood relations and proximity graphs; 2.2.3. Processing of

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This title provides a broad overview of the different types of models used in advanced spatial analysis. The models concern spatial organization, location factors and spatial interaction patterns from both static and dynamic perspectives. Each chapter gives a broad overview of the subject, covering both theoretical developments and practical applications. The advantages of an interdisciplinary approach are illustrated in the way that the viewpoint of each of the individual disciplines are brought together when considering questions relevant to spatial analysis. The authors of the chapters

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