

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996213218103316
Autore	Boyle P. R
Titolo	Cephalopods [[electronic resource]] : ecology and fisheries // Peter Boyle, Paul Rodhouse
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ames, Iowa, : Blackwell Science, 2005
ISBN	1-280-19970-9 9786610199709 0-470-70970-7 0-470-99531-9 1-4051-4543-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (472 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	RodhousePaul
Disciplina	594.5 594/.5
Soggetti	Cephalopoda Octopus fisheries Squid fisheries
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [373]-438) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cephalopods Ecology and Fisheries; Contents; Preface; Acknowledgements; Chapter 1 Introduction; Chapter 2 Form and function; Chapter 3 Origin and evolution; Chapter 4 Nautilus: the survivor; Chapter 5 Biodiversity and zoogeography; Chapter 6 Life cycle; Chapter 7 Growth; Chapter 8 Physiological ecology; Chapter 9 Reproduction; Chapter 10 From egg to recruitment; Chapter 11 Coastal and shelf species; Chapter 12 Oceanic and deep-sea species; Chapter 13 Population ecology; Chapter 14 Cephalopods as predators; Chapter 15 Cephalopods as prey; Chapter 16 Fishing methods and scientific sampling Chapter 17 Fishery resourcesChapter 18 Fisheries oceanography; The colour plate section falls after page 308; Chapter 19 Assessment and management; Chapter 20 Conclusion; Appendix A Classification of living cephalopod families; Appendix B Synopsis of living cephalopod families; References; Index
Sommario/riassunto	Squid, cuttlefish and octopuses, which form the marine mollusc group

the cephalopods, are of great and increasing interest to marine biologists, physiologists, ecologists, environmental biologists and fisheries scientists. Cephalopods: ecology and fisheries is a thorough review of this most important animal group. The first introductory section of the book provides coverage of cephalopod form and function, origin and evolution, Nautilus, and biodiversity and zoogeography. The following section covers life cycles, growth, physiological ecology, reproductive strategies and early
