Record Nr. UNISA996213064903316 Green reaction media in organic synthesis [[electronic resource] /] / **Titolo** edited by Koichi Mikami Pubbl/distr/stampa Ames, Iowa, : Blackwell Pub., 2005 **ISBN** 1-280-74856-7 9786610748563 0-470-98877-0 1-4051-7245-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (202 p.) Altri autori (Persone) MikamiKoichi 547.2 Disciplina 660.2844 660/.2844 Soggetti Solvents - Environmental aspects Organic compounds - Synthesis - Environmental aspects Green products Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 178-182) and index. Nota di contenuto Green Reaction Media in Organic Synthesis; Contents; Contributors; Preface: 1 Introduction: 1.1 Green reaction media: 1.2 Ionic liquids: 1.3 Fluorous media; 1.4 Supercritical carbon dioxide; References; 2 Ionic liquids; 2.1 Historical background and synthesis; 2.1.1 Historical background; 2.1.2 Synthesis; 2.1.2.1 Preparation of imidazolium halides; 2.1.2.2 Anion metathesis; 2.1.2.3 Functionalized imidazolium ionic liquids; 2.1.2.4 Other types of ionic liquid; 2.1.2.5 Purification; 2.2 Physical properties; 2.2.1 Melting point; 2.2.2 Thermal stability; 2.2.3 Polarity; 2.2.4 Solubility 2.2.5 Viscosity2.2.6 Acidity; 2.2.7 Chirality; 2.2.8 Toxicity and environmental issues; 2.3 Applications as reaction media; 2.3.1 Hydroformylation; 2.3.2 Hydrogenation; 2.3.3 The Friedel-Crafts reaction; 2.3.4 Epoxidation; 2.3.5 Palladium-catalyzed C-C bond

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Sommario/riassunto

Green, sustainable chemistry involves the designing of chemical processes with a view to reducing or even eliminating the use and production of hazardous materials. Recent endeavors have focused on limiting the use of organic solvents and replacing them with new, environmentally benign media. The chemical industry is interested in these cost-effective, alternative solvents and processes. This book provides a broad overview of the three most commonly used green reaction media. Directed at synthetic organic chemists working in academic and industrial laboratories, it will also ser