

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996210015603316
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Titolo	"... Allerlei für die Nationalbibliothek zu ergattern ..." : eine österreichische Institution in der NS-Zeit / / Murray G. Hall, Christina Kostner
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Wien : , : Bohlau Verlag, [2006] ©2006
ISBN	9783205775041
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (617 pages) : illustrations, portraits; digital, PDF file (s)
Disciplina	027.543609044
Soggetti	Libraries and national socialism - Austria - Vienna Jewish libraries - Austria - Vienna - History - 20th century World War, 1939-1945 - Libraries Jewish property - Austria - Vienna Confiscations - Austria - Vienna - History - 20th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Sommario/riassunto	When Austria was annexed by Hitler Germany in March 1938, the National Library in Vienna was not only the biggest scientific library in the country, it was now the third largest in the German Reich. Its status among and influence on the scholarly libraries in the Reich was considerably enhanced by one person during the Nazi period, namely the newly-appointed director-general Dr. Paul Heigl, a fervent National socialist. Acquisitions by the Library during the years 1938 to 1945 are a key focal point of this history, and Heigl played both an active and significant role in the process of book looting in the interest of the National Library. The Library may well have regarded itself in the inter-war years as being "apolitical" - and house historians have tended to reinforce this image - but this does not stand up to closer scrutiny even during the political period of the "Corporate State" and Dollfuss and Schuschnigg, let alone during the time of national socialist rule in Austria. The study breaks with the previous taboos and presents the

essentially political role of the library both before and after March 1938 by investigating its involvement in the crimes of the Nazi regime. But the study does not only concentrate on acquisitions made through improper means, it also attempts to capture some of the atmosphere of a major library under the NS regime and in war-time. The examination also sees itself as a contribution to the hitherto neglected history of libraries in Austria in the Nazi period in general and of church and official libraries in particular. It might be noted that Paul Heigl was not only in charge of scholarly libraries in south-eastern Europe following the German invasion of Yugoslavia in April 1941, he was also a library consultant for local Nazi officials and had considerable sway in forging library policy. Our study discusses a number of chapters in the Library's history during the Nazi period which have so far been absent from official histories, primarily those which implicate the Library and point to the vast and varied acquisitions. The main chapter focuses on the development and acquisitions of the Library's many collections from 1938 to 1945, chiefly on the basis of library records and files, and attempts to describe not only the looting, but also fate of stolen books, libraries and collections immediately after World War Two and on up to the present day. And, as the case may be, their subsequent restitution over the past few years as a consequence of the Art Restitution Law of 1998. Name and subject indices are intended to make the information in history more easily accessible.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910484735903321
Titolo	Commingled and disarticulated human remains : working toward improved theory, method, and data / / Anna J. Osterholtz, Kathryn M. Baustian, Debra L. Martin, editors
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, : Springer Science, c2014
ISBN	1-4614-7560-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (302 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	OsterholtzAnna J BaustianKathryn M MartinDebra L
Disciplina	930.10285
Soggetti	Archaeology - Methodology Human remains (Archaeology)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	""Contents""; ""Contributors""; ""List of Figures""; ""List of Tables""; ""Introduction""; ""Introduction""; "" Types of Commingled, Disarticulated, or Fragmentary Assemblages""; ""Long-Term Usage Commingled Assemblages""; "" Episodic-Usage Commingled Assemblages""; "" Lab Commingling""; "" Volume Focus and Organization""; "" Innovation""; "" Applicability""; "" Terminology""; "" Individual Chapters""; ""Long-Term-Usage Assemblages""; "" Episodic Commingled Assemblages""; "" Contributions from Other Disciplines, Caveats, and Future Directions""; ""References"" "" Temporal Bone Distribution"""" Bone Weight and Cranial Bone Distribution""; "" Discussion""; ""References""; ""Into the Kettle: The Analysis of Commingled Remains from Southern Ontario""; ""Introduction""; "" The Ethnography and Archaeology of Commingled Human Remains in Southern Ontario""; ""Yandatsa: The Kettle""; "" Yandasqua: Prisoner""; "" The Bioarchaeology of Commingled Human Remains in Southern Ontario""; "" Research on the Concept of Identity: Age, Life Course, and Community Identity""; "" Conclusion""; ""References""; ""Part II: Episodic Assemblages"" ""Crow Creek Bone Bed Commingling: Relationship Between Bone Mineral Density and Minimum Number of Individuals and Its Effect on

Paleodemographic Analyses"; "Introduction"; " History of Commingled Remains in the Middle Missouri River Subregion"; " Crow Creek Archaeological and Bioarchaeological Background"; " Materials and Methods"; " Results"; " Discussion"; " Study Limitations"; " Suggestions for Future Research"; " Summary"; " References"; " Extreme Processing at Mancos and Sacred Ridge: The Value of Comparative Studies"; "Introduction"; " Cranial Modification"; " The Shoulder"

Sommario/riassunto

Commingled and Disarticulated Human Remains: Working Toward Improved Theory, Method, and Data brings together research that provides innovative methodologies for the analysis of commingled human remains. It has temporal and spatial breadth, with case studies coming from pre-state to historic periods, as well as from both the New and Old World. Highlights of this volume include standardized methods and the presentation of best practices in the field. Using a case study approach, the volume demonstrates how data gathered from commingled human remains can be incorporated into the overall interpretation of a site and explores the best ways to formulate the demographic makeup of commingled assemblages. Field archaeologists, bioarchaeologists, academic anthropologists, forensic anthropologists, zooarchaeologists, and students of anthropology and archaeology will find this to be an invaluable resource.
