Record Nr. UNISA996208219203316 Rational choice theory: resisting colonization / / edited by Margaret S. **Titolo** Archer and Jonathon Q. Tritter Pubbl/distr/stampa London;; New York:,: Routledge,, 2000 **ISBN** 1-134-54652-1 1-134-54653-X 1-299-45866-1 0-203-18967-1 1-280-35441-0 9786610354412 0-203-13389-7 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xii, 257 pages) Collana Critical realism--interventions Rational choice theory Altri autori (Persone) ArcherMargaret Scotford TritterJonathan Q. <1965-> Disciplina 301/.01 Soggetti Rational choice theory Social Change Sociology & Social History Social Sciences Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Includes bibliographical references (pages [234]-248) and indexes. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto pt. 1. Rationality -- pt. 2. Individualism -- pt. 3. Temporality. Rational Choice Theory is flourishing in sociology and is increasingly Sommario/riassunto influential in other disciplines. Contributors to this volume are convinced that it provides an inadequate conceptualization of all aspects of decision making: of the individuals who make the decisions. of the process by which decisions get made and of the context within which decisions get made. The ciritique focuses on the four assumptions which are the bedrock of rational choice: rationality: the theory's definition of rationality is incomplete, and cannot satisfactorily incorporate norms and emotions individualism: rational choice is based upon atomistic, individual decision makers and cannot account for decisions made by ;couples', 'groups' or other forms of collective action process: the assumption of fixed, well-ordered preferences and 'perfect information' makes the theory inadequate for situations of change and uncertainty aggregation: as methodological individualists, rational choice theorists can only view structure and culture as aggregates and cannot incorporate structural or cultural influences as emergent properties which have an effect upon decision making. The critique is grounded in discussion of a wide range of social issues, including race, marriage, health and education.