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	GENETIC MESSAGES; 24. POST-TRANSCRIPTIONAL PROCESSING OF MESSENGER RNA; 25. TRANSFER AND RIBOSOMAL RNA PROCESSING/MODIFICATION 26. MECHANISMS REGULATING GENE EXPRESSION27. TRANSCRIPTIONAL REGULATORY SEQUENCES; 28. OPERONS AND PROKARYOTIC CONTROL OF GENE EXPRESSION; 29. TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS AND GENE EXPRESSION; 30. IN VIVO TRANSLATION: DECODING GENETIC MESSAGES; 31. SEQUENCES INVOLVED IN CELLULAR PROTEIN TARGETING; 32. EUKARYOTIC CELL DIVISION: MITOSIS AND MEIOSIS; 33. MOLECULAR MECHANISMS OF CELL CYCLE CONTROL; 34. GENETIC RECOMBINATION MECHANISMS OF CELL CYCLE CONTROL; 34. GENETIC RECOMBINATION MECHANISMS; 35. GENE TRANSFER DURING BACTERIAL REPRODUCTION; 36. TRANSPOSABLE GENETIC CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT 39. THE NATURAL BIOLOGY OF BACTERIOPHAGES40. BACTERIOPHAGE GENETICS; 41. RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY; 42. ENZYMES COMMONLY USED IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY METHODS; 43. RESTRICTION ENDONUCLEASES; 44. RESTRICTION FRAGMENT LENGTH POLYMORPHISMS; 45. ISOLATION OF NUCLEIC ACIDS FROM CELLS AND TISSUES; 46. VISUALISING NUCLEIC ACIDS; 47. ELECTROPHORESIS OF NUCLEIC ACIDS; 48. IN VITRO HYBRIDISATION; 49. TYPES OF HYBRIDISATION ASSAY FORMATS; 50. SOUTHERN BLOTTING; 51. IN SITU HYBRIDISATION, 52. MEASURING TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVITY VIA MESSENGER RNA; 53. CONVERTING MESSENGER RNA INTO COMPLEMENTARY DNA 54. METHODS FOR DETERMINING DNA NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCES55. THE POLYMERASE CHAIN REACTION; 57. IN VITRO TRANSLATION METHODS; 58. TYPES AND METHODS OF GENE PROBE GENERATION; 59. CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS OF OLIGONUCLEOTIDES; 60. TYPES AND APPLICATIONS OF NUCLEOTIDE ANALOGUES; 61. METHODS FOR LABELLING GENE PROBES; 62. FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF CLONING; 63. THE NATURE OF CLONING VECTORS; 64. INSERTING FOREIGN DNA INTO VECTORS; 65. THE DEVELOPMENT OF BACTERIOPHAGE VECTORS; 66. PLASMIDS: DEVELOPMENT OF BACTERIOPHAGE VECTORS; 66. PLASMIDS: DEVELOPMENT OF BACTERIOPHAGE VECTORS; 66. PLASMIDS: DEVELOPMENT AS LONING VECTORS 67. YEAST-DERIVED PLASMID VECTORS
Sommario/riassunto	Route Maps in Gene Technology is an exciting new introductory textbook for first-year undergraduates in molecular biology and molecular genetics. The subject is broken down into 140 to 150 key concepts or topics, each of which is dealt with in one doublepaged spread. These range from basic introductory principles to applied topics at the cutting edge of research. A control strip along the top of the page shows the student which pages need to have been read beforehand and which topics may be followed afterward. In addition, at the front of the book are a selection of 'routes,' which the