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| 1. Record Nr. | UNISA996197443503316 |
| Titolo | Futures |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Great Britain, : Elsevier Science Ltd |
| ISSN | 1873-6378 |
| Soggetti | Economic forecasting Technological forecasting Economic policy Prévision économique - Périodiques Prévision technologique Politique économique - Périodiques Periodicals. |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Periodico |
| Note generali | Some issues also have distinctive titles. Refereed/Peer-reviewed |

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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910807086603321 |
| Autore | Ching Erik |
| Titolo | Authoritarian El Salvador : politics and the origins of the military regimes, 1880-1940 // Erik Ching |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Notre Dame, Indiana : , : University of Notre Dame Press, , 2014 ©2014 |
| ISBN | 0-268-15827-4 0-268-07699-5 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (496 p.) |
| Collana | Recent titles from the Helen Kellogg Institute for International Studies |
| Classificazione | HIS007000HIS037070POL000000 |
| Disciplina | 972.8405/2 |
| Soggetti | Authoritarianism - El Salvador - History Military government - El Salvador - History - 20th century El Salvador History Revolution, 1932 El Salvador History 1838-1944 |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | ""Contents""; ""Tables""; ""Acronyms and Abbreviations""; ""Acknowledgments""; ""Maps""; ""Introduction""; ""Chapter 1: The Rules""; ""Chapter 2: National-Level Networks in Conflict in the Nineteenth Century""; ""Chapter 3: Building Networks at the Local Level""; ""Chapter 4: Municipal Elections and Municipal Autonomy, ca. 1880-1930""; ""Chapter 5: The Network of the State""; ""Chapter 6: Facing the Leviathan""; ""Chapter 7: Politics under the Military Regime, 1931-1940""; ""Chapter 8: Populist Authoritarianism, 1931-1940""; ""Conclusion""; ""Appendix""; ""Notes""; ""Bibliography""; ""Index"" |
| Sommario/riassunto | "In December 1931, El Salvador's civilian president, Arturo Araujo, was overthrown in a military coup. Such an event was hardly unique in Salvadoran history, but the 1931 coup proved to be a watershed. Araujo had been the nation's first democratically elected president, and although no one could have foreseen the result, the coup led to five decades of uninterrupted military rule, the longest run in modern Latin American history. Furthermore, six weeks after coming to power, the new military regime oversaw the crackdown on a peasant rebellion in western El Salvador that is one of the worst episodes of state- |

sponsored repression in modern Latin American history. Democracy would not return to El Salvador until the 1990's, and only then after a brutal twelve-year civil war. In *Authoritarian El Salvador: Politics and the Origins of the Military Regimes, 1880-1940*, Erik Ching seeks to explain the origins of the military regime that came to power in 1931. Based on his comprehensive survey of the extant documentary record in El Salvador's national archive, Ching argues that El Salvador was typified by a longstanding tradition of authoritarianism dating back to the early- to mid-nineteenth century. The basic structures of that system were based on patron-client relationships that wove local, regional, and national political actors into complex webs of rival patronage networks. Decidedly nondemocratic in practice, the system nevertheless exhibited highly paradoxical traits: it remained steadfastly loyal to elections as the mechanism by which political aspirants acquired office, and it employed a political discourse laden with appeals to liberty and free suffrage. That blending of nondemocratic authoritarianism with populist reformism and rhetoric set the precedent for military rule for the next fifty years. "With his *Authoritarian El Salvador: Politics and the Origins of the Military Regimes, 1880-1940*, Erik Ching makes a significant and original contribution to the historiography of Central America and to debates on patron-client relations and systems of political development. No doubt the enormous empirical research and attention to archival detail he presents will spark debate in the rich and growing literature on politics, democracy, and authoritarianism in post-independence Latin America." --Justin Wolfe, Tulane University"--

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| 3. Record Nr. | UNINA9910254059903321 |
| Titolo | Advances in Microbiology, Infectious Diseases and Public Health : Volume 1 // edited by Gianfranco Donelli |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2016 |
| ISBN | 3-319-26320-X |
| Edizione | [1st ed. 2016.] |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (128 p.) |
| Collana | Advances in Microbiology, Infectious Diseases and Public Health, , 2365-2675 ; ; 897 |
| Disciplina | 570.72 |
| Soggetti | Microbiology Medical microbiology Medical Microbiology |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Imported and indigenous cases of invasive meningococcal disease W: P1.5,2:F1-1:ST-11: the migration link. Italy, June-November 2014, Paola Stefanelli*, Cecilia Fazio, Arianna Neri, Giovanni Rezza, Santino Severoni, Paola Vacca, Teresa Fasciana, Alessandro Bisbano, Francesca Di Bernardo and Anna Giammanco -- Partial protection induced by 2011-2012 influenza vaccine against serologically evidenced A(H3N2) influenza virus infections in elderly institutionalized people, Barbara Camilloni, Michela Basileo, Giuseppe Menculini, Paolo Tozzi, Anna Maria Iorio* -- Fungal occurrence in the hair and skin of symptomatic pets in Turin, Italy, Valeria Allizond, Vivian Tullio, Anna Maria Cuffini*, Janira Roana, Daniela Scalas, Elisa Simona Marra, Giorgia Piersigilli, Narcisa Mandras, Giuliana Banche -- Infectious agents associated with head and neck carcinomas, Andrea Hettmann, Anett Demcsák, Gábor Decsi, Ádám Bach, Dóra Pálkó, László Rovó, Katalin Nagy, Mária Takács, Janos Minarovits* -- Increase in peripheral CD3- CD56brightCD16- natural killer cells in Hashimoto's thyroiditis associated with HHV-6 infection, Roberta Rizzo*, Maria Chiara Zatelli, Antonella Rotola, Enzo Cassai, Ettore Degli Uberti, Dario Di Luca, Elisabetta Caselli -- In vitro and in vivo biofilm wound models and their application -- Gilles Brackman* and Tom Coenye -- The Lactobacillus |

plantarum Eno A1 enolase is involved in immunostimulation of Caco-2 cells and in biofilm development, Valeria Vastano, Annunziata Pagano, Alessandra Fusco, Gianluca Merola, Margherita Sacco, Giovanna Donnarumma* -- Role of sonication in the microbiological diagnosis of implant-associated infections: beyond the orthopedic prosthesis, Oliva A, Pavone P, D'Abramo A, Iannetta M, Mastroianni CM, Vullo V -- The isolation, identification and analyses of Lactobacillus genus bacteria with probiotic potential, Tatiana A. Cherdyntseva, Irina B. Kotova and Alexander I. Netrusov -- In vitro activity of tigecycline against Acinetobacter baumannii: Global epidemiology and resistance mechanisms -- Spyros Pournaras, Vasiliki Koumaki, Vasiliki Gennimata, Evangelia Kouskouni, and Athanassios Tsakris*.

Sommario/riassunto

This Series will provide microbiologists, hygienists, epidemiologists and infectious diseases specialists with well-chosen contributed volumes containing updated information in the areas of basic and applied microbiology involving relevant issues for public health, including bacterial, fungal and parasitic infections, zoonoses and anthroozoonoses, environmental and food microbiology. The increasing threat of the multidrug-resistant microorganisms and the related host immune response, the new strategies for the treatment of biofilm-based, acute and chronic microbial infections, as well as the development of new vaccines and more efficacious antimicrobial drugs to prevent and treat human and animal infections will be also reviewed in this series in the light of the most recent achievements in these fields. Special attention will be devoted to the fast diffusion worldwide of the new findings of the most advanced translational researches carried out in the different fields of microbiological sciences, with the aim to promote a prompt validation and transfer at clinical level of the most promising experimental results.
