

1.	Record Nr.	UNISA990005904030203316
	Titolo	Carlo Dionisotti : la vita, gli studi, il pensiero di un letterato del Novecento : Atti del convegno, Romagnano Sesia 20 settembre 2008
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Novara : Interlinea, 2010
	ISBN	978-88-8212--715-2
	Descrizione fisica	116 p. ; 23 cm
	Collana	Biblioteca , Saggi e testi ; 49
	Disciplina	850.9
	Soggetti	DIONISOTTI, Carlo
	Collocazione	VI.3.B. 4519
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910831059403321
	Titolo	Sandstone diagenesis [[electronic resource]] : recent and ancient / / edited by Stuart D. Burley and Richard H. Worden
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Malden, MA, : Blackwell Pub., 2003
	ISBN	1-280-28546-X 9786610285464 1-4443-0445-3 1-4051-2910-7
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (664 p.)
	Collana	Reprint series volume 4 of the International Association of Sedimentologists
	Altri autori (Persone)	BurleyStuart D WordenRichard H
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	Soggetti	Sandstone Diagenesis
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Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	<p>SANDSTONE DIAGENESIS: Recent and Ancient; Contents; Introduction; Sandstone diagenesis: the evolution of sand to stone; Eogenesis (early diagenesis); Marine eogenesis; Formation of siderite-Mg-calcite-iron sulphide concretions in intertidal marsh and sandflat sediments, north Norfolk, England; Origin of authigenic carbonates in sediment from the deep Bering Sea; De glauconiarum origine; Low-Mg calcite marine cement in Cretaceous turbidites: origin, spatial distribution and relationship to seawater chemistry; The concretions of the Bearreraig Sandstone Formation: geometry and geo-chemistry</p> <p>Non-marine eogenesis 1: warm and wet environments The anatomy of an early Dinantian terraced floodplain: palaeo-environment and early diagenesis; Early diagenetic, siderite as an indicator of depositional environment in the Triassic Rewan Group, southern Bowen Basin, east; Early diagenetic spherulitic siderites from Pennsylvanian palaeosols in the Boss Point Formation, Maritime Canada; Early diagenesis and its relationship to depositional environment and relative sea-level fluctuations; Non-marine eogenesis 2: arid environments; Diagenetic alunite in clastic sequences, Kuwait, Arabian Gulf</p> <p>Nodular silcretes of the Cypress Hills Formation (upper Eocene to middle Miocene) of southern Saskatchewan, Canada Rock varnish in the Sonoran Desert: microbiologically mediated accumulation of manganese-rich sediments; Models of rock varnish formation constrained by high resolution transmission electron microscopy; Calcretes related to phreatophytic vegetation from the Middle Triassic Otter Sandstone of South West England; Zeolitic diagenesis of late Quaternary fluviolacustrine sediments and associated calcrete formation in the Lake Bogoria Basin,</p> <p>Groundwater dolocretes from the Upper Triassic of the Paris Basin, France: a case study of an arid, continental diagenetic facies</p> <p>Mesogenesis (burial diagenesis); Quartz-related mesogenesis; Formation of quartz overgrowths in the Penrith sandstone (Lower Permian) of northwest England as revealed by scanning electron microscopy; A scale of dissolution for quartz and its implications for diagenetic processes in sandstones; Thin section and SEM textural criteria for the recognition of cement-dissolution porosity in sandstones</p> <p>A numerical model for porosity modification at a sandstone-mudstone boundary by quartz pressure dissolution and diffusive mass transfer</p> <p>Origin of quartz cements in some sandstones from the Jurassic of the Inner Moray Firth (UK); Carbonate-cement-dominated mesogenesis; Geochemistry of carbonate cements in the Sag River and Shublik Formations (Triassic/Jurassic), North Slope, Alaska: implications; Burial dolomitization and porosity development in a mixed carbonate-clastic sequence: an example from the Bowland Basin, north; Clay and aluminosilicate mineral-related mesogenesis</p> <p>DIAGENETIC ORIGIN OF GRAYWACKE MATRIX MINERALS</p>
Sommario/riassunto	<p>Diagenesis affects all sediments after their deposition and includes a fundamental suite of physical, chemical and biological processes that control the texture, mineralogy and fluid-flow properties of sedimentary rocks. Understanding the processes and products of diagenesis is thus a critical component in the analysis of the evolution of sedimentary basins, and has practical implications for subsurface porosity destruction, preservation and generation. This in turn is of great relevance to the petroleum and water industries, as well as to the location and nature of some economic mineral deposits</p>

