

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990005599480203316
Autore	DICKERSON, Richard E.
Titolo	Struttura e funzione delle proteine / Richard E. Dickerson e Irving Geis ; [trad. di Marina Frontali e Luciano Terrenato]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bologna : Zanichelli, 1973
Descrizione fisica	136 p. : ill. ; 27 cm
Altri autori (Persone)	GEIS, Irving
Disciplina	572.6
Soggetti	PROTEINE
Collocazione	XV.17. 147 (F.V. DIC (170)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Trad. di: The structure and action of proteins

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910299391203321
Titolo	Understanding Invasive Species in the Galapagos Islands : From the Molecular to the Landscape / / edited by María de Lourdes Torres, Carlos F. Mena
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2018
ISBN	3-319-67177-4
Edizione	[1st ed. 2018.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (257 pages) : illustrations, tables
Collana	Social and Ecological Interactions in the Galapagos Islands, , 2195-1055
Disciplina	578.62
Soggetti	Nature conservation Environmental geography Biodiversity Conservation biology Ecology Nature Conservation Environmental Geography Conservation Biology/Ecology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index.
Sommario/riassunto	This book investigates the introduction of invasive species and their behavior in oceanic islands. How can we define invasive species? What is their history? How did they come to dominate and transform ecosystems? These are relevant questions when trying to understand the behavior of invasive species—primarily in fragile ecosystems such as islands—and to understand the biological, ecological, social and economic impacts of invasions. We chose the Galapagos Islands, a place well-known to be unique in the study of evolution, as a laboratory to analyze the interactions between invasive and endemic species, to understand the makeup of the ecosystems emerging after invasions have occurred, to describe the relationships of invasives with

the people that live in these islands, and to try to develop comprehensive analyses on this topic from multi-scalar and multi-disciplinary points of view. For a long time, the discussion has been about how proper management of the species could achieve two main goals: the eradication of the species to recover affected ecosystems and the conservation of endemic species. The discussion has taken on other nuances, including the suggestion that an invasive species, when it is already adapted to an ecosystem, forms an integral part of it, and thus eradication would in itself go against conservation. On the other hand, some invasive species are not only part of the biological compound of the island ecosystems, but they also form part of the social and cultural history of the inhabited islands. Some of these identified by the local inhabitants are species of real or potential economic value.
