

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990003398480203316
Autore	CALABRESI, Mario
Titolo	La fortuna non esiste : storie di uomini e donne che hanno avuto il coraggio di rialzarsi / Mario Calabresi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano : Mondadori, 2009
ISBN	978-88-045-8897-9
Descrizione fisica	156 p. ; 21 cm
Collana	Strade blu , Nonfiction
Disciplina	920.073
Soggetti	Stati Uniti d'America Società 2007-2008
Collocazione	II.5. 6578
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910463718903321
Autore	Decety Jean
Titolo	The moral brain : a multidisciplinary perspective / / Jean Decety and Thalia Wheatley
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, Massachusetts : , : The MIT Press, , 2015 ©2015
ISBN	0-262-32758-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (338 pages)
Collana	Social neuroscience
Disciplina	612.8/233
Soggetti	Cognitive neuroscience Neurosciences - Social aspects Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes indexes
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Sommario/riassunto	"Over the past decade, an explosion of empirical research in a variety of fields has allowed us to understand human moral sensibility as a sophisticated integration of cognitive, emotional, and motivational mechanisms shaped through evolution, development, and culture. Evolutionary biologists have shown that moral cognition evolved to aid cooperation; developmental psychologists have demonstrated that the elements that underpin morality are in place much earlier than we thought; and social neuroscientists have begun to map brain circuits implicated in moral decision making. This volume offers an overview of current research on the moral brain, examining the topic from disciplinary perspectives that range from anthropology and neurophilosophy to justice and law. The contributors address the evolution of morality, considering precursors of human morality in other species as well as uniquely human adaptations. They examine motivations for morality, exploring the roles of passion, extreme sacrifice, and cooperation. They go on to consider the development of morality, from infancy to adolescence; findings on neurobiological mechanisms of moral cognition; psychopathic immorality; and the implications for justice and law of a more biological understanding of

morality. These new findings may challenge our intuitions about society and justice, but they may also lead to more a humane and flexible legal system"--Provided by publisher.
