

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990003011730203316
Autore	ARISTOTELES
Titolo	2. : Livres 5.-8. / Aristote ; texte établi et traduit par Jacques Brunschwig
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Paris : Les Belles Lettres, 2007
ISBN	978-2-251-00537-9
Descrizione fisica	LX, 331 p. (2-136 doppie) ; 20 cm.
Collana	Collection des universités de France , Ser. grecque ; 451
Disciplina	185
Collocazione	V.1. Coll. 24/ 97/2
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese Greco antico
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Testo orig. a fronte

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910734365903321
Titolo	Grenzgänge wissenschaftlicher Reflexivität in Judentum, Christentum und Islam // Wissenschaftliche Buchgesellschaft
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Darmstadt : , : Wissenschaftliche Buchgesellschaft (wbg), , 2023
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (341 pages) : illustrations
Disciplina	296.375
Soggetti	Judaism and science Christianity Islam and science
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910566481203321
Autore	Yu Pei-Lin
Titolo	Advances in East Asian Agricultural Origins Studies: The Pleistocene to Holocene Transition
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2022
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (176 p.)
Soggetti	Research & information: general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Scientific understanding about domestication and the origins of food production in East Asia is undergoing rapid change based on new data from archaeology, paleobiology, and paleoenvironmental studies. The earliest agricultural and pastoral societies emerged from the highly

diverse habitats and Paleolithic cultures of East Asia. This offers an unprecedented opportunity to understand and predict variability in the tempo and mode of the Paleolithic to Neolithic transition. Advances in East Asian Agricultural Origins Studies: The Pleistocene to Holocene Transition aims to present the most advanced research from varied regions of East Asia, with the purpose of evaluating the significance of Paleolithic cultural influences on the transition to Neolithic adaptations by comparing cultural evolutionary scenarios through time and across space. The array of approaches will be multidisciplinary, featuring quantitative, qualitative, and integrated data and methodologies. Understanding the transition from foraging to Neolithic agriculture, which was among the most dramatic and influential in the history of modern *Homo sapiens*, has ramifications for the study of Late Quaternary growth of human populations, societal complexity, landscape use, migration, and impacts on ecosystems.
