

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990000838430203316
Titolo	Aegyptus : rivista italiana di egittologia e di papirologia
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano : Tip. S. Giuseppe, 1920-
ISSN	0001-9046
Descrizione fisica	v. ; 24 cm
Disciplina	932.005
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano Inglese Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico
Note generali	Quattro numeri l'anno; semestrale (1943-53); trimestrale (1954-77); semestrale (1978-) Editore: da a. 5, n.1/2 (giu. 1924): presso la R. Università (Scuola di papirologia); da a. 5, n. 4 (dic. 1924): Università cattolica del Sacro cuore

2. Record Nr.	UNISA996418176703316
Titolo	Synchrotron Light Sources and Free-Electron Lasers [[electronic resource]] : Accelerator Physics, Instrumentation and Science Applications / / edited by Eberhard Jaeschke, Shaukat Khan, Jochen R. Schneider, Jerome B. Hastings
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2020
ISBN	3-319-04507-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (1400 p. 200 illus. in color.)
Disciplina	535.2 537.6
Soggetti	Optics Electrodynamics Materials science Condensed matter Physical measurements Measurement Physical chemistry Biophysics Biological physics Classical Electrodynamics Characterization and Evaluation of Materials Condensed Matter Physics Measurement Science and Instrumentation Physical Chemistry Biological and Medical Physics, Biophysics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Accelerator Physics -- Physics of Synchrotron Radiation -- Introduction to High-Gain FEL Theory -- Seeding the Harmonic Generation in Free Electron Lasers -- Ultrashort Pulses from Synchrotron Radiation Sources -- Terahertz Radiation Sources -- Facility Design -- Storage

Ring Design for Synchrotron Radiation Sources -- Electron Linear Accelerator for X-Ray FEL -- The SCALA FEL -- FLASH: The First Superconducting X-Ray FEL -- Energy Recovery Linacs -- Technology Basis -- Integrated Multi-Magnet Systems -- Superconducting RF: Enabling Technology for Modern Light Sources -- Vacuum Systems for Synchrotron Light Sources and FELs -- Electron Sources for Brilliant Light Sources -- Shaping Photon Beams with Undulators and Wigglers -- Control Systems, Operational Tools -- Beam Instrumentation and Diagnostics -- Orbit/Trajectory Control and Feedback -- Beam Instabilities, Feedback Systems -- Brilliant Light Sources Driven by Laser-Plasma Accelerators.

Sommario/riassunto

Hardly any other discovery of the nineteenth century did have such an impact on science and technology as Wilhelm Conrad Röntgen's seminal find of the X-rays. X-ray tubes soon made their way as excellent instruments for numerous applications in medicine, biology, materials science and testing, chemistry and public security. Developing new radiation sources with higher brilliance and much extended spectral range resulted in stunning developments like the electron synchrotron and electron storage ring and the free-electron laser. This handbook highlights these developments in fifty chapters. The reader is given not only an inside view of exciting science areas but also of design concepts for the most advanced light sources. The theory of synchrotron radiation and of the free-electron laser, design examples and the technology basis are presented. The handbook presents advanced concepts like seeding and harmonic generation, the booming field of Terahertz radiation sources and upcoming brilliant light sources driven by laser-plasma accelerators. The applications of the most advanced light sources and the advent of nanobeams and fully coherent x-rays allow experiments from which scientists in the past could not even dream. Examples are the diffraction with nanometer resolution, imaging with a full 3D reconstruction of the object from a diffraction pattern, measuring the disorder in liquids with high spatial and temporal resolution. The 20th century was dedicated to the development and improvement of synchrotron light sources with an ever ongoing increase of brilliance. With ultrahigh brilliance sources, the 21th century will be the century of x-ray lasers and their applications. Thus, we are already close to the dream of condensed matter and biophysics: imaging single (macro)molecules and measuring their dynamics on the femtosecond timescale to produce movies with atomic resolution.
