

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990000089850203316
Autore	FERNANDEZ, Julio
Titolo	Curso intensivo de espanol / J.Fernández, R.Fente, J.Siles
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Alcobendas : Sociedad General Español, 1990
ISBN	84-7143-769-4
Descrizione fisica	239 p. ; 26 cm
Altri autori (Persone)	FENTE, R. SILES, J.
Disciplina	468
Soggetti	Lingua spagnola - Grammatica
Collocazione	VI.5.D. 102(II sp B 1/69 I)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Spagnolo
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910716145103321
Titolo	Juan Anorbe. June 4, 1926. -- Ordered to be printed
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Washington, D.C.] : , : [U.S. Government Printing Office], , 1926
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (2 pages)
Collana	Senate report / 69th Congress, 1st session. Senate ; ; no. 998 [United States congressional serial set] ; ; [serial no. 8528]
Altri autori (Persone)	MeansRice William <1877-1949> (Republican (CO))
Soggetti	Canals Claims Industrial accidents Industrial safety Workers' compensation Civil service Construction Legislative materials.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Batch processed record: Metadata reviewed, not verified. Some fields updated by batch processes. FDLP item number not assigned.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910437845803321
Titolo	Drug Discovery and Evaluation: Safety and Pharmacokinetic Assays // edited by H. Gerhard Vogel, Jochen Maas, Franz J. Hock, Dieter Mayer
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2013
ISBN	3-642-25240-0
Edizione	[2nd ed. 2013.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XXIV, 1404 p. 243 illus. eReference.)
Disciplina	615
Soggetti	Pharmacology Pharmacology/Toxicology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di contenuto	From the contents: General Introduction: Safety Pharmacology -- Safety Pharmacokinetics -- Safety Toxicology.
Sommario/riassunto	Safety aspects have become an outstanding issue in the process of drug discovery and development. Until 15 years ago safety aspects were addressed by pharmacological testing of the selected compound in high doses in tests directed at indications other than the intended indication of the new compound. These tests were followed by pharmacokinetic studies, which were mainly aimed at confirming of a suitable half-life time and at oral activity. Safety aspects relied mostly on toxicity studies, which however gave information on changes of organ structure rather than on organ function. Toxicological and pharmacokinetic studies were adapted to the progress of studies in clinical pharmacology and clinical trails. But the success rate in the pharmaceutical industry and the introduction of new chemical entities to the market per year dropped dramatically, whereas the development time for a new compound increased, sometimes exceeding the patent protection. A change of strategy was therefore adopted, involving the following changes: - Parallel instead of sequential involvement of the various disciplines (multidimensional compound optimization). - The term "Safety Pharmacology" was coined. The International Conference on Harmonization (ICH) founded a Safety Pharmacology Working Group. Easily accessible and the most informative tests now

have to be selected. - Exposure of a drug to the body by pharmacokinetic studies on absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion has to be investigated at an early stage of development and can contribute to the selection of a compound for development. Toxicology experienced major achievements by the introduction of new methods, e.g., in silico methods, toxicogenomics and toxicoproteomics. The book is a landmark in the continuously changing world of drugs. As such it is important reading for many groups: not only for all students of pharmacology and toxicology but also for physicians, especially those involved in clinical trials of drugs, and for pharmacists who have to know the safety requirements of drugs. The book is absolutely essential for scientists and managers in the pharmaceutical industry who are involved in drug finding, drug development and decision making in the development process. In particular, the book will be of use for government institutions and committees working on official guidelines for drug evaluation worldwide.
