1. Record Nr. UNINA9910300404803321 Autore Thornton Colin Titolo Granular Dynamics, Contact Mechanics and Particle System Simulations : A DEM study / / by Colin Thornton Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2015 **ISBN** 3-319-18711-2 Edizione [1st ed. 2015.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (202 p.) Collana Particle Technology Series, , 1567-827X ; ; 24 Disciplina 530.410113 Soggetti Amorphous substances Complex fluids Applied mathematics **Engineering mathematics** Chemical engineering Fluids Chemometrics Soft and Granular Matter, Complex Fluids and Microfluidics Mathematical and Computational Engineering Industrial Chemistry/Chemical Engineering Fluid- and Aerodynamics Math. Applications in Chemistry Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters. Nota di bibliografia Foreword -- Preface -- Introduction -- Theoretical Background --Nota di contenuto Contact Mechanics -- Other Contact Force Models -- Particle Impact --Agglomerate Impacts -- Fluidised Beds -- Quasi-Static Deformation --Index. Sommario/riassunto This book is devoted to the Discrete Element Method (DEM) technique. a discontinuum modelling approach that takes into account the fact that granular materials are composed of discrete particles which interact with each other at the microscale level. This numerical simulation technique can be used both for dispersed systems in which

the particle-particle interactions are collisional and compact systems of

particles with multiple enduring contacts. The book provides an extensive and detailed explanation of the theoretical background of DEM. Contact mechanics theories for elastic, elastic-plastic, adhesive elastic and adhesive elastic-plastic particle-particle interactions are presented. Other contact force models are also discussed, including corrections to some of these models as described in the literature, and important areas of further research are identified. A key issue in DEM simulations is whether or not a code can reliably simulate the simplest of systems, namely the single particle oblique impact with a wall. This is discussed using the output obtained from the contact force models described earlier, which are compared for elastic and inelastic collisions. In addition, further insight is provided for the impact of adhesive particles. The author then moves on to provide the results of selected DEM applications to agglomerate impacts, fluidised beds and quasi-static deformation, demonstrating that the DEM technique can be used (i) to mimic experiments, (ii) explore parameter sweeps, including limiting values, or (iii) identify new, previously unknown, phenomena at the microscale. In the DEM applications the emphasis is on discovering new information that enhances our rational understanding of particle systems, which may be more significant than developing a new continuum model that encompasses all microstructural aspects, which would most likely prove too complicated for practical implementation. The book will be of interest to academic and industrial researchers working in particle technology/process engineering and geomechanics, both experimentalists and theoreticians.

UNIORUON00401230 2. Record Nr. HEILER, Friedrich Autore Erscheinungsformen und Wesen der religion / von Friedrich Heiler Titolo Pubbl/distr/stampa Stuttgart,: W. Kohlhammer Berlag, c1961 Descrizione fisica XVI, 605 p.; 24 cm. Soggetti Religione Lingua di pubblicazione Tedesco Materiale a stampa **Formato**

Monografia

Livello bibliografico