

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9911097709403321
Autore	Murray Stuart
Titolo	Autism / / Stuart Murray
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York : , : Routledge, , 2012
ISBN	1-136-65218-3 97866613434883 1-136-65219-1 1-283-43488-1 0-203-80599-2 9780203805992
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (131 p.)
Collana	The Routledge series integrating science and culture
Classificazione	SOC026000
Disciplina	362.19685882 616.85/882 616.85882
Soggetti	Autism Autism spectrum disorders
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 108-112) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Chapter 6. Conclusion: After the FactPart II: Social, Cultural, and Political Histories; Chapter 7. Autism before Modern Medicine; Chapter 8. The Development of Child Psychiatry: Kanner and Asperger; Chapter 9. Psychoanalysis, BrunoBettelheim, Parents, and Blame; Chapter 10. Organizations and Associations; Chapter 11. The Rise of Neurodiversity:Demands, Advocacy, and Legislation; Chapter 12. Cultural Representations: Outsider and Insider Accounts; Chapter 13. Conclusion: History in the Making; Part III: Major Controversies; Chapter 14. A Lack of Consensus; Chapter 15.Causing Autism
Sommario/riassunto	"Autism is the first book on the condition that seeks to combine medical, historical and cultural approaches to an understanding of the condition. Its purpose is to present a rounded portrayal of the ways in which autism is currently represented in the world, It focuses on three broad areas: the facts of scientific research, including new ideas surrounding research into genetics and neuroscience, as well as the

details of diagnosis and therapy; the history of the condition as it developed through psychiatric approaches to the rise of parent associations, neurodiversity and autism advocacy; and the fictional and media narratives through which it is increasingly expressed in the contemporary moment. Accessible and written in clear English, Autism is designed for student audiences in English, Disability Studies, Cultural Studies, History, Sociology, and Medicine and Health, as well as medical practitioners and the general reader. Autism is a condition surrounded by misunderstanding and often defined by contestation and argument. The purpose of this book is to bring clarity to the subject of autism across the full range of its manifestations"--

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911149007303321
Autore	Thornton John
Titolo	Natural Resource Endowments, Governance, and the Domestic Revenue Effort : : Evidence from a Panel of Countries / / John Thornton, Fabian Bornhorst, Sanjeev Gupta
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2008
ISBN	9786612841217 9781462317455 1462317456 9781452728902 1452728909 9781282841215 1282841211 9781451870282 1451870280
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (12 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers IMF working paper ; ; WP/08/170
Altri autori (Persone)	BornhorstFabian GuptaSanjeev
Disciplina	547.01
Soggetti	Hydrocarbons - Economic aspects - Econometric models Taxation - Econometric models Administrative Processes in Public Organizations Agribusiness Agricultural and Natural Resource Economics Agricultural economics Agricultural industries Agricultural sector

Agriculture: General
Bureaucracy
Corporate crime
Corruption
Criminology
Environmental and Ecological Economics: General
Environmental management
Natural Resources
Natural resources
White-collar crime
Crime
Economic sectors
Environment
white-collar crime
Kuwait

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; II. Data and Methodology; Tables; 1. Government Revenue from Hydrocarbons, 1992-2005; Figure 1. Government Revenue from Hydrocarbons and Domestic Taxes; III. Empirical Results; 2. Summary Statistics for Selected Variables; 3. Panel OLS Results with Fixed Effects; IV. Conclusions; References
Sommario/riassunto	The recent development literature stresses that countries that receive large revenues from natural resource endowments typically raise less revenue from domestic taxation, and that this creates governance problems because the lower domestic tax effort reduces the incentive for the public scrutiny of government. Our results from a panel of 30 hydrocarbon producing countries indicate that the offset between hydrocarbon revenues and revenues from other domestic sources is about 20 percent but that it is invariant to governance indicators.